

Annual Report
OF THE
AMERICAN HISTORICAL
ASSOCIATION



FOR THE YEAR

1957

+

VOLUME 1

+

Proceedings
and
List of Members

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

Washington, D. C.

Letter of Submittal

THE SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION,
Washington D. C., June 15, 1958.

To the Congress of the United States:

In accordance with the act of incorporation of the American Historical Association, approved January 4, 1889, I have the honor of submitting to Congress the Annual Report of the Association for the year 1957.

Respectfully,

LEONARD CARMICHAEL, Secretary.

Letter of Transmittal

THE AMERICAN HISTORICAL ASSOCIATION,
Washington, D. C., June 15, 1958.

SIR: As provided by law, I submit herewith the Annual Report of the American Historical Association for the year 1957. This consists of two volumes in one.

Volume I contains the proceedings of the Association for 1957, and the report of the secretary-treasurer for the Pacific Coast Branch for 1957.

Volume II will contain the Writings on American History for 1955.

BOYD C. SHAFER, Executive Secretary.
TO THE SECRETARY OF THE SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION,
Washington, D. C.

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ACT OF INCORPORATION

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Andrew D. White, of Ithaca, in the State of New York; George Bancroft, of Washington, in the District of Columbia; Justin Winsor, of Cambridge, in the State of Massachusetts; William F. Poole, of Chicago, in the State of Illinois; Herbert B. Adams of Baltimore, in the State of Maryland; Clarence W. Bowen, of Brooklyn, in the State of New York, their associates and successors, are hereby created, in the District of Columbia, a body corporate and politic by the name of the American Historical Association, for the promotion of historical studies, the collection and preservation of historical manuscripts, and for kindred purposes in the interest of American history, and of history in America. Said Association is authorized to hold real and personal estate in the District of Columbia as far as may be necessary to its lawful ends, to adopt a constitution, and make bylaws not inconsistent with law. Said Association shall have its principal office at Washington, in the District of Columbia, and may hold its annual meetings in such places as the said incorporators shall determine. Said Association shall report annually to the Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution, concerning its proceedings and the condition of historical study in America. Said Secretary shall communicate to Congress the whole of such report, or such portions thereof as he shall see fit. The Regents of the Smithsonian Institution are authorized to permit said Association to deposit its collections, manuscripts, books, pamphlets, and other material for history in the Smithsonian Institution or in the National Museum, at their discretion, upon such conditions and under such rules as they shall prescribe.

The real property situated in Square 817, in the city of Washington, District of Columbia, described as lot 23, owned, occupied, and used by the American Historical Association, is exempt from all taxation so long as the same is so owned and occupied, and not used for commercial purposes, subject to the provisions of sections 2, 3, and 5 of the Act entitled, "An Act to define the real property exempt from taxation in the District of Columbia", approved December 24, 1942.

[Approved, January 4, 1889 and amended July 3, 1957.]

ORGANIZATION AND ACTIVITIES

THE AMERICAN HISTORICAL ASSOCIATION

THE ASSOCIATION

The American Historical Association, incorporated by Act of Congress in 1889, is defined by its charter to be: A body corporate and politic . . . for the promotion of historical studies, the collection and preservation of historical manuscripts, and for kindred purposes in the interests of American history and of history in America.

It is a society not only for scholars, though it has for the last half century included in its membership the outstanding historical scholars in America, not only for educators, though it has included the great American teachers of history, but also for every man and woman who is interested in the study of history in America. Its most generous benefactors have been nonprofessionals who love history for its own sake and who wish to spread that love of history to a wider and wider circle.

LEADERSHIP

Among those who have labored as members and later served it also as President, the American Historical Association can list such distinguished names as George Bancroft, Justin Winsor, Henry Adams, James Ford Rhodes, Alfred Thayer Mahan, Henry C. Lea, John Bach McMaster, Frederick Jackson Turner, Theodore Roosevelt, Edward Channing, Woodrow Wilson, J. Franklin Jameson, Charles M. Andrews, James H. Breasted, James Harvey Robinson, Michael Rostovtzeff, Carl L. Becker, and Charles A. Beard.

ANNUAL MEETING

It meets in the Christmas week at a different place each year to accommodate in turn members living in different parts of the country. The attendance at these meetings has been increasing steadily. In recent years registration has varied from 1,500 to 2,450. The formal programs of these meetings include important contributions to every field of historical scholarship, many of which are subsequently printed.

PUBLICATIONS

The publications of the Association are many and their scope is wide.

The Annual Report, usually in two or more volumes, is printed for the Association by the United States Government. It contains the Proceedings of the Association, as well as bibliographies and guides to materials. The American Historical Review, published quarterly and distributed free to all members of the Association, is the recognized organ of the historical profession in America. It prints authoritative articles and critical reviews of new books in all fields of history. The Association also cooperates with the National Council for the Social Studies in the publication of Social

Education, one of the most important journals in America dealing with the problems of history teaching in the schools.

Besides these periodical publications, the Association controls a revolving fund out of which it publishes from time to time historical monographs selected from the whole field of history. It has as well three separate endowment funds, the income from which is devoted to the publication of historical studies. The Albert J. Beveridge Fund of \$100,000 was established as a memorial to the late Senator Beveridge by his wife, Catherine Beveridge, and a large group of his friends in Indiana. The income from this fund is applied to the publication of historical monographs. The Littleton-Griswold Fund was established by Alice Griswold in memory of her father, William E. Littleton, and of her husband, Frank T. Griswold. The income from this fund, the principal of which amounts to \$35,000, is applied to the publication of material relative to the legal history of the United States in the colonial period. The Matteson Fund, now amounting to approximately \$94,000, was willed to the Association by the late David M. Matteson. The income from this fund may be used only for bibliographies and indexes.

OTHER ACTIVITIES

The Association from time to time, through special committees, interests itself actively in promoting the sound teaching of history in the schools. It has done much and is doing more to collect and preserve historical manuscripts in public and private repositories.

The Association maintains close relations with state and local historical societies and with the federal government. It has also organized a Pacific Coast Branch for members living in the Far West.

SOURCES OF SUPPORT

The American Historical Association is in a position to do significant and useful work, not only in the advancement of learning but also in the dissemination of knowledge. It commands the resources of the learned historians, but it also recognizes the necessity of bringing the fruits of learning to the average American. It needs to be supported. Its capital funds, amounting to over \$600,000 are carefully managed by a Board of Trustees composed of men prominent in the world of finance. But much of the income is earmarked for special publications. For its broader educational purposes it has to depend chiefly upon its membership dues. It has about 7,000 members.

MEMBERSHIP

The American Historical Association welcomes to its membership anyone who subscribes to its purposes. There is no initiation fee. The annual membership, including subscription to the American Historical Review, is \$7.50, and student membership is \$4.00. The life membership is \$150. Inquiries about any phase of its activities may be addressed to the Executive Secretary of the Association, 400 A Street, S. E., Washington 3, D. C.

PRIZES

The Association offers the following prizes:

The Herbert Baxter Adams Prize of \$300 is awarded biennially in the even-numbered years for a monograph (first or second book), in manuscript or in print, in the field of European history.

The George Louis Beer Prize of \$300 is awarded annually for the best work (first or second book) on any phase of European international history since 1895. Competition is limited to citizens of the United States and to works in the English language. A work may be submitted either in manuscript or in print.

The John H. Dunning Prize of about \$140 is awarded biennially in the even-numbered years for a monograph, either in print or in manuscript, on any subject relating to American history. Eligibility of printed works submitted in competition for this prize shall be limited to books printed within 2 years and 5 months prior to June 1 of the year in which the award is made. Entries are restricted to "first books" or unpublished manuscripts and preference given to those of younger scholars.

The Watumull Prize of \$500 is awarded biennially (next award 1958) for the best book originally published in the United States on any phase of the history of India.

The Robert Livingston Schuyler Prize of \$100 is awarded every 5 years to the author of the best work of scholarship published during the preceding 5-year period in the field of modern British and British Imperial and Commonwealth history since the beginning of the reign of Elizabeth exclusive of American colonial history before 1783. The author must be an American citizen, and the books must have been originally published in the United States. The prize is made possible by the Taraknath Das Foundation (next award 1961).

All works submitted in competition for the above prizes must be in the hands of the proper committee by June 1 of the year in which the award is made. The date of publication of printed monographs submitted in competition must fall within a period of 2-1/2 years prior to June 1 of the year in which the prize is awarded.

The Albert J. Beveridge Award, established at the annual meeting in 1945, is awarded annually for the best complete original manuscript on American history. By American history is meant the history of the United States, Latin America, and Canada. The fellowship has a cash value of \$1,000, plus a royalty of 5 per cent after cost of publication has been met. The winning manuscript in each annual competition is published without cost to the author in the series of Beveridge Fund publications; other manuscripts also may be so published at the discretion of the committee on the Albert J. Beveridge Award, which is charged with the administration of the fellowship. The deadline for the submission of applications and manuscripts is May 1.

The Moses Coit Tyler Prize of \$1,500 plus publication of the manuscript is offered biennially in the odd-numbered years for the best unpublished work in American intellectual history. The Cornell University Press gives the funds for the prize and publishes the

manuscript. By American intellectual history is meant the history of agencies of intellectual life, movements of thought, and the biographies of intellectual leaders, in the geographical area comprising the United States, from 1607 to the present.

CONSTITUTION

ARTICLE I

SECTION 1. The name of this society shall be the American Historical Association.

ARTICLE II

SECTION 1. Its object shall be the promotion of historical studies.

ARTICLE III

SECTION 1. Any person approved by the Council may become an active member of the Association. Active membership shall date from the receipt by the Treasurer of the first payment of dues, which shall be \$7.50 a year or a single payment of \$150 for life. Life membership is given members who have belonged to the Association for fifty years. Any graduate or undergraduate student registered in a college or university may become a junior member of the Association upon payment of \$4 and after the first year may continue as such, as long as he is registered as a student, by paying the annual dues of \$4. Annual dues shall be payable at the beginning of the year to which they apply and any member whose dues are in arrears for 1 year may, 1 month after the mailing of a notice of such delinquency of his last known address, be dropped from the rolls by vote of the Council or the Executive Committee. Members who have been so dropped may be reinstated at any time by the payment of 1 year's dues in advance. Only active members shall have the right to vote or to hold office in the Association. Persons not resident in the United States may be elected by the Council as honorary or corresponding members, and such members shall be exempt from payment of dues.

ARTICLE IV

SECTION 1. The officers shall be a President, a Vice President, a Treasurer, an Executive Secretary, a Managing Editor of The American Historical Review, and, at the discretion of the Council, an Editor and an Assistant Secretary-Treasurer.

SEC. 2. It shall be the duty of the Executive Secretary, under the direction of the Council, to promote historical scholarship in America through the agencies of the Association. He shall exercise general oversight over the affairs of the Association, supervise the work of its committees, formulate policies for presentation to the Council, execute its policies and perform such other duties as the Council may from time to time direct.

SEC. 3. The other officers of the Association shall have such duties and perform such functions as are customarily attached to their respective offices or as may from time to time be prescribed by the Council.

SEC. 4. The President, Vice President, and Treasurer shall be elected in the following manner. The Nominating Committee at such

convenient time prior to the 1st of September as it may determine shall invite each member of the Association to indicate his or her nominee for each of these offices. With these suggestions in mind, it shall draw up a ballot of nominations which it shall mail to each member of the Association on or before the 1st of December, and which it shall distribute as the official ballot at the Annual Business Meeting. It shall present to this meeting orally any other nominations for these offices petitioned for to the Chairman of the Committee at least one day before the Business Meeting and supported by the names of 20 voting members of the Association. The election shall be made from these nominations at the Business Meeting.

SEC. 5. The Executive Secretary, the Assistant Secretary-Treasurer, the Managing Editor of The American Historical Review, and the Editor shall be appointed by the Council for specified terms of office not to exceed 3 years, and shall be eligible for re-appointment. They shall receive such compensation as the Council may determine.

SEC. 6. If the office of President shall, through any cause, become vacant, the Vice President shall thereupon become President.

ARTICLE V

SECTION 1. There shall be a Council, constituted as follows:

(a) The President, the Vice President, the Executive Secretary, the Treasurer, and the Managing Editor of The American Historical Review.

(b) Elected members, eight in number, chosen by ballot in the manner provided in Article VI, Section 2. These members shall be elected for a term of 4 years; two to be elected each year, except in the case of elections to complete unexpired terms.

(c) The former Presidents, but a former President shall be entitled to vote for the 3 years succeeding the expiration of his term as President, and no longer.

SEC. 2. The Council shall conduct the business, manage the property, and care for the general interests of the Association. In the exercise of its proper functions, the Council may appoint such committees, commissions, and boards as it may deem necessary. The Council shall make a full report of its activities to the Annual Meeting of the Association. The Association may by vote at any Annual Meeting instruct the Council to discontinue or enter upon any activity, and may take such other action directing the affairs of the Association as it may deem necessary and proper.

SEC. 3. For the transaction of necessary business when the Council is not in session, the Council shall elect annually from its membership an Executive Committee of not more than six members which shall include the Executive Secretary and the Treasurer. Subject always to the general direction of the Council, the Executive Committee shall be responsible for the management of Association interests and the carrying out of Association policies.

ARTICLE VI

SECTION 1. There shall be a Nominating Committee to consist of five members, each of whom shall serve a term of 2 years. In the odd-numbered years, two new members shall be elected; in the

even-numbered years, three; this alteration shall continue except in the case of elections to complete unexpired terms. If vacancies on the Nominating Committee occur between the time of the Annual Elections, the Nominating Committee shall fill them by direct ad interim appointments.

SEC. 2. Elective members of the Council and members of the Nominating Committee shall be chosen as follows: The Nominating Committee shall present for each vacant membership on the Council and on the Nominating Committee 2 or more names, including the names of any person who may be nominated by a petition carrying the signatures of 20 or more voting members of the Association. Nominations by petition must be in the hands of the Chairman of the Nominating Committee by November 1st. The Nominating Committee shall present these nominations to the members of the Association in the ballot distributed by mail as described above. The members of the Association shall take their choice from among these nominations and return their ballots for counting not later than the 20th of December at 6 p.m. No vote received after that time shall be valid. The votes shall be counted and checked in such manner as the Nominating Committee shall prescribe and shall then be sealed in a box and deposited in the Washington office of the Association where they shall be kept for at least a year. The results of the election shall be announced at the Annual Business Meeting. In case of a tie, choice shall be made at the Annual Business Meeting from among the candidates receiving the highest equal vote.

ARTICLE VII

SECTION 1. There shall be a Board of Trustees, five in number, consisting of a chairman and four other members, nominated by the Council and elected at the Annual Meeting of the Association. Election shall be for a term of 5 years except in the case of an election to complete an unexpired term. The Board of Trustees, acting by a majority thereof, shall have the power to invest and reinvest the permanent funds of the Association with authority to employ such agents, investment counsel, and banks or trust companies as it may deem wise in carrying out its duties, and with further authority to delegate and transfer to any bank or trust company all its power to invest or reinvest; neither the Board of Trustees nor any bank or trust company to whom it may so transfer its power shall be controlled in its discretion by any statute or other law applicable to fiduciaries and the liability of the individual members of the board and of any such bank or trust company shall be limited to good faith and lack of actual fraud or willful misconduct in the discharge of the duties resting upon them.

ARTICLE VIII

SECTION 1. Amendments to this Constitution may be proposed by a majority vote of any regular business session of the Association or by a majority vote of the Council and may be adopted by a majority vote of the next regular business session, provided always that the proposed amendment and an explanation thereof shall have been circulated to the membership of the Association not less than

20 days preceding the date of the business session at which the final vote is to be taken. It shall be the duty of the Executive Secretary to arrange for the distribution of all such proposed amendments among the members of the Association.

Officers and Members of the Council

FOR 1958

OFFICERS

PRESIDENT

WALTER PRESCOTT WEBB
University of Texas, Austin, Texas

VICE PRESIDENT

ALLAN NEVINS
Columbia University, New York, N.Y.

TREASURER

ELMER LOUIS KAYSER
George Washington University, Washington, D.C.

EXECUTIVE SECRETARY AND MANAGING EDITOR

BOYD C. SHAFER
400 A Street, S. E., Washington 3, D. C.

COUNCIL

EX OFFICIO

THE PRESIDENT, VICE PRESIDENT, TREASURER,
EXECUTIVE SECRETARY, AND MANAGING EDITOR

FORMER PRESIDENTS

CHARLES H. McILWAIN
Harvard University, Cambridge, Mass.

GUY STANTON FORD
3133 Connecticut Avenue, N. W., Washington 8, D.C.

ARTHUR M. SCHLESINGER
Harvard University, Cambridge, Mass.

CARLTON J. H. HAYES
Columbia University, New York, N.Y.

SIDNEY B. FAY
Harvard University, Cambridge, Mass.

THOMAS J. WERTENBAKER
Princeton University, Princeton, N. J.

KENNETH S. LATOURETTE
Yale University, New Haven, Conn.

CONYERS READ
University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, Pa.

SAMUEL E. MORISON
Harvard University, Cambridge, Mass.

ROBERT L. SCHUYLER
Columbia University, New York, N.Y.

LOUIS R. GOTTSCHALK
University of Chicago, Chicago, Ill.

MERLE CURTI
University of Wisconsin, Madison, Wis.

LYNN THORNDIKE
Columbia University, New York, N.Y.

DEXTER PERKINS
Cornell University, Ithaca, N.Y.

WILLIAM L. LANGER
Harvard University, Cambridge, Mass.

ELECTED MEMBERS

CARL BRIDENBAUGH
University of California, Berkeley, Calif. (term expires 1958)

CRANE BRINTON
Harvard University, Cambridge, Mass. (term expires 1960)

MILDRED L. CAMPBELL
Vassar College, Poughkeepsie, N.Y. (term expires 1961)

WALTER DORN
Columbia University, New York, N.Y. (term expires 1958)

JAMES B. HEDGES
Brown University, Providence, R.I. (term expires 1959)

W. STULL HOLT
University of Washington, Seattle, Wash. (term expires 1961)

ROBERT R. PALMER
Princeton University, Princeton, N.J. (term expires 1959)

STANLEY PARGELLIS
The Newberry Library, Chicago, Ill. (term expires 1960)

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

ROBERT R. PALMER, CHAIRMAN
Princeton University, Princeton, N.J.

WALTER DORN
Columbia University, New York, N.Y.

JAMES B. HEDGES
Brown University, Providence, R.I.

WILLIAM L. LANGER
Harvard University, Cambridge, Mass.

ELMER LOUIS KAYSER
George Washington University, Washington, D.C.

BOYD C. SHAFER
400 A Street, S. E., Washington, D.C.

Committees and Delegates

FOR 1958

Board of Trustees.--Arthur W. Page, 46 Cedar Street, Rm. 1010, New York City, Chairman--term expires 1959; Stanton Griffis, Hemphill, Noyes & Co., 15 Broad Street, New York City--term expires 1960; Shepard Morgan, Norfolk, Conn.--term expires 1958; Thomas I. Parkinson, 393 Seventh Ave., New York City--term expires 1962; Percy Ebbot, Chase National Bank, Pine and Nassau Streets, New York City--term expires 1961.

Board of Editors of the American Historical Review--Boyd C. Shafer, 400 A Street, S.E., Washington 3, D.C., Managing Editor; Samuel Flagg Bemis, Yale University--term expires December 1960; Mildred L. Campbell, Vassar College--term expires December 1961; Louis R. Gottschalk, University of Chicago--term expires December 1958; Mason Hammond,* Harvard University--term expires December 1962; John D. Hicks, University of California--term expires December, 1959; Lynn White, Jr.,* Mills College--term expires December 1962.

Nominating Committee--Kenneth M. Setton, University of Pennsylvania, Chairman; Thomas P. Abernethy, University of Virginia; Paul W. Gates,* Cornell University; Caroline Robbins, Bryn Mawr College; Gordon Wright,* Stanford University.

Committee on Committees--Cyril E. Black, Princeton University; William Hogan,* Tulane University; Walter Johnson,* University of Chicago; Earl S. Pomeroy, University of Oregon; Boyd C. Shafer, Washington, D.C. (ex officio).

Committee on Documentary Reproduction--Robert B. Eckles, Purdue University, Chairman; Cyril E. Black,* Princeton University; William R. Braisted, University of Texas; Edgar L. Erickson, University of Illinois; Richard W. Hale, Jr., Boston University; Loren C. MacKinney, University of North Carolina; C. Easton Rothwell, Hoover Library; Boyd C. Shafer, Washington, D.C. (ex officio); Clifford K. Shipton, Worcester, Mass.

Committee on the Guide to Historical Literature--George F. Howe, Washington, D.C., Chairman; Gray C. Boyce, Northwestern University; T. Robert S. Broughton, Bryn Mawr College; Howard S. Cline, Library of Congress; Sidney B. Fay, Cambridge, Mass.; Michael Kraus, City College of New York; Earl Pritchard, University of Chicago; Boyd C. Shafer, Washington, D.C. (ex officio).

Committee on the Harmsworth Professorship--C. Vann Woodward, Johns Hopkins University, Chairman; Arthur Bestor,* University of Illinois; Frank Freidel,* Harvard University.

Committee on the Historian and the Federal Government--Edward Younger, University of Virginia, Chairman; Thomas A. Bailey, Stanford University; Samuel F. Bemis, Yale University; Wood Gray, George Washington University; Richard W. Leopold, Northwestern University; Maurice Matloff,* Washington, D.C.; Jeannette P. Nichols, University of Pennsylvania; Dexter Perkins, Cornell University; Boyd C. Shafer, Washington, D.C. (ex officio).

*New member this year.

Committee on Honorary Members.--Felix Gilbert, Bryn Mawr College, Chairman; Paul Clyde,* Duke University; Sydney N. Fisher, Ohio State University; Oscar Halecki,* Fordham University; Charles E. Odegard, University of Michigan; Boyd C. Shafer, Washington, D.C. (ex officio); Arthur P. Whitaker, University of Pennsylvania.

Committee on International Historical Activities.--Waldo G. Leland, Washington, D.C., Chairman; John Curtiss, Duke University; Chester Easum,* University of Wisconsin; Martin R. P. McGuire, Catholic University of America; Donald C. McKay, Amherst College; Caroline Robbins, Bryn Mawr College; Bernadotte F. Schmitt, Alexandria, Va.; Boyd C. Shafer, Washington, D.C. (ex officio); Arthur P. Whitaker, University of Pennsylvania.

Committee on the Job Register.--Roderic H. Davison, George Washington University; Aubrey Land, University of Nebraska; Charles G. Sellers, Jr., Princeton University; Boyd C. Shafer, Washington, D.C. (ex officio).

Committee on the Littleton-Griswold Fund.--Edward Dumbauld, Uniontown, Pa., Chairman; John J. Biggs, Jr.,* Philadelphia, Pa.; Julius Goebel, Columbia University; William B. Hamilton, Duke University; George L. Haskins, University of Pennsylvania; Mark DeWolfe Howe, Harvard University; Leonard W. Labaree, Yale University; Richard L. Morton, College of William and Mary; David J. Mays, Richmond, Va.; Boyd C. Shafer, Washington, D.C. (ex officio); Joseph Smith,* New York City.

Committee on South Asian History.--Holden Furber, University of Pennsylvania, Chairman; Merle Curti, University of Wisconsin; Robert I. Crane, University of Michigan; David Owen, Harvard University; Earl Pritchard, University of Chicago; Boyd C. Shafer, Washington, D.C. (ex officio).

Committee for the Study of War Documents.--Oron J. Hale, University of Virginia, Chairman; Lynn M. Case, University of Pennsylvania; Walter L. Dorn, Columbia University; Howard M. Ehrmann,* University of Michigan; Fritz Epstein,* Library of Congress; Hans Gatzke,* Johns Hopkins University; Reginald Phelps, Harvard University; Boyd C. Shafer, Washington, D.C. (ex officio).

Committee on Teaching (Service Center for Teachers).--Sidney Painter, Johns Hopkins University, Chairman; William Cartwright, Duke University; Clement Eaton, University of Kentucky; Erling M. Hunt, Columbia University; Francis Keppel, Harvard University; Agnes Meyer, Washington, D.C.; Boyd C. Shafer, Washington, D.C. (ex officio); Edith Starratt, Schenectady, N.Y.; Joseph R. Strayer, Princeton University.

Committee on Teaching Needs (Graduate Education).**--Dexter Perkins, Cornell University, Chairman; Jacques Barzun, Columbia University; Edward Kirkland, Thetford Center, Vt.; Leonard Krieger, Yale University; Boyd C. Shafer, Washington, D.C. (ex officio).

Committee on the Herbert Baxter Adams Prize.--Henry Hill, University of Wisconsin, Chairman; Harold Grimm, Ohio State University; Henry R. Winkler, Rutgers University.

*New member this year.

**New committee 1957.

Committee on the George Louis Beer Prize.--Stuart Hughes, Harvard University, Chairman; Robert F. Byrnes,* Indiana University; Carl E. Schorske, Wesleyan University.

Committee on the Albert J. Beveridge Award.--Frederick B. Tolles, Swarthmore College, Chairman; Alfred D. Chandler, Jr., Massachusetts Institute of Technology; Richard N. Current,* Woman's College, University of North Carolina; Walter V. Scholes, University of Missouri; Glyndon G. Van Deusen,* University of Rochester.

Committee on the John H. Dunning Prize.--Earl S. Pomeroy, University of Oregon, Chairman; William Hogan, Tulane University; Charles G. Sellers, Jr., Princeton University.

Committee on the Revolving Fund for Publication of the American Historical Association.--Raymond P. Stearns, University of Illinois, Chairman; Lynn M. Case, University of Pennsylvania; Richard N. Current, Woman's College, University of North Carolina; Richard P. McCormick, Rutgers University; R. J. Rath, University of Texas.

Committee on the Robert Livingston Schuyler Prize.--Helen Taft Manning, Bryn Mawr, Pa., Chairman; Giovanni Costigan, University of Washington; Garrett Mattingly, Columbia University; Charles Mowat, University of Chicago.

Committee on the Moses Coit Tyler Prize.--Charles Barker, Johns Hopkins University, Chairman; Ralph H. Gabriel, Yale University; John Higham,* Rutgers University; Stow Persons, State University of Iowa; Frederick Rudolph, Williams College.

Committee on the Watumull Prize.--Robert I. Crane, University of Michigan, Chairman; Donald Grove Barnes,* Western Reserve University; Holden Furber, University of Pennsylvania.

Delegates of the American Historical Association.--American Council of Learned Societies: Joseph R. Strayer, Princeton University--term expires December 1959. International Committee of Historical Sciences: Donald C. McKay, Amherst College--term expires December 1960; Boyd C. Shafer, Washington, D.C.--term expires December 1960. National Historical Publications Commission: Julian P. Boyd, Princeton University--term expires December 1960; Guy Stanton Ford, Washington, D.C.--term expires December 1961. Social Education: Boyd C. Shafer, Washington, D.C.--term expires December 1959; Herman Ausubel, Columbia University--term expires December 1958. Social Science Research Council: Louis R. Gottschalk, University of Chicago--term expires December 1960; David Potter, Yale University--term expires December 1959; C. Vann Woodward, Johns Hopkins University--term expires December 1958.

The following ad interim appointments as representatives of the American Historical Association were made in 1957: Professor Howard R. Quint of the University of South Carolina at the inauguration of Dr. Frank R. Veal as president of Allen University, March 30; Dr. H. M. J. Klein of Lancaster, Pa., at the inauguration of Dr. Frederick deWolfe Bolman, Jr., as president of Franklin and Marshall College, April 6; Dr. William Harris McClure of Saginaw, Mich., at the inauguration of Dr. Robert D. Swanson as president

*New member this year.

of Alma College, April 24; Professor Eleanor G. Huzar of Southeast Missouri State College, at the inauguration of Dr. Mark Scully as president of Southeast Missouri State College, April 27; Professor Bernice B. Tompkins for San Jose State College's centennial year, May 2; Professor Albert H. Sellen of Morningside College at the inauguration of Dr. J. Richard Palmer as president of Morningside College, May 3; Professor Robert P. Fogerty of the College of St. Thomas, at the inauguration of the Very Rev. James P. Shannon as president of the College of St. Thomas, May 8; Professor William Thomas Laprade of Duke University at the inauguration of Dr. William C. Friday as president of the University of North Carolina, May 8; Sister Joseph Damien of St. Joseph's College at the inauguration of Sister Therese Tuohy as president of St. Joseph's College, May 15; Professor Jeannette P. Nichols of the University of Pennsylvania at the convocation commemorating the hundredth anniversary of the National Educational Association, July 3; Professor Raymond P. Stearns of the University of Illinois at the inauguration of Dr. Robert G. Bone as president of the Illinois State Normal University, October 4; Professor Delmer M. Brown of the University of California at the inauguration of Dr. Ralph M. Johnson as president of the Berkeley Baptist Divinity School, October 8; Professor George B. Fowler of the University of Pittsburgh at the installation of Dr. Edwin C. Clarke as president of Geneva College; Professor Allen D. Breck of the University of Denver at the inauguration of Dr. Eugene Ellsworth Dawson of the Colorado Woman's College, October 18; Professor Thomas R. Ross of Davis and Elkins College at the inauguration of Dr. Stanley H. Martin of West Virginia Wesleyan College, October 25; Professor John Chalmers Vinson of the University of Georgia at the inauguration of Dr. Sidney W. Martin as president of Emory University, November 15.

PACIFIC COAST BRANCH OFFICERS FOR 1958

PRESIDENT

JOHN W. CAUGHEY
University of California at Los Angeles, Los Angeles, Calif.

VICE PRESIDENT

RAYMOND SONTAG
University of California, Berkeley, Calif.

SECRETARY-TREASURER

JOHN A. SCHUTZ
Whittier College, Whittier, Calif.

COUNCIL

The above officers and--

JAMES G. ALLEN
University of Colorado, Boulder, Colo. (term expires 1960)

WILLIAM GREEVER
University of Idaho, Moscow, Idaho (term expires 1959)

FRANCIS HERRICK
Mills College, Oakland, Calif. (term expires 1958)

WILBUR R. JACOBS
University of California, Santa Barbara, Calif. (term expires 1958)

SOLOMON KATZ
University of Washington, Seattle, Wash. (term expires 1960)

T. A. LARSEN
University of Wyoming, Laramie, Wyo. (term expires 1959)

ABRAHAM P. NASATIR
San Diego State College, San Diego, Calif. (term expires 1960)

BENJAMIN SACKS
University of New Mexico, Albuquerque, N. Mex. (term expires 1958)

W. H. STEPHENSON
University of Oregon, Eugene, Ore. (term expires 1958)

PROCEEDINGS
of the
AMERICAN HISTORICAL
ASSOCIATION
for
1957

**MINUTES OF THE MEETING OF THE COUNCIL OF
THE AMERICAN HISTORICAL ASSOCIATION,
HOTEL STATLER, NEW YORK CITY,**

DECEMBER 27, 1957, 10:00 A.M.

Present: William L. Langer, President; Walter Prescott Webb, Vice-President; Solon J. Buck, Treasurer; Boyd C. Shafer, Executive Secretary; Carl Bridenbaugh, Walter L. Dorn, James B. Hedges, Helen Taft Manning, Robert R. Palmer, Stanley Pargellis, C. Vann Woodward, Councillors; Merle Curti, Dexter Perkins, former Presidents.

President Langer called the meeting to order.

The Council approved the minutes of its 1956 meeting as published in the April, 1957, issue of the American Historical Review (pp. 781-88).

As the report of the Executive Secretary and Managing Editor of the Review had been previously sent to the members of the Council, it was not read. The Executive Secretary reported an increase in membership of 447 during the past year, bringing the total membership to over 7,000. He pointed to the increasing mechanical difficulties in headquarters' work arising out of the increase in membership as well as out of the frequent changes of addresses of members (over fifteen per cent a year).

The Treasurer of the Association, Dr. Solon J. Buck, reported on the financial condition of the Association for the fiscal year 1956-57. The total assets, including special and restricted funds for several projects, totaled \$860,000. Approval of the mimeographed report previously sent to each member of the Council was unanimously given.

Reporting as the chairman of the Finance Committee, Dr. Buck asked approval of the proposed budgets for 1957-58 and 1958-59. The budgets were approved with these additions: The sum of \$2,450 was allowed for printing of the Program instead of the original \$2,200 as provided by the tentative proposed budgets for 1957-58 and 1958-59. The Council allotted \$200 additional beyond the proposed sums for each of the two years for meetings of the Council and committees. The Council approved additional sums spent during 1956-57 for social security for employees and for payments to the Macmillan Company for copies of the Review sent to members. In order to eliminate certain inequities in payments under previous rulings, the Council voted to change the allotments for meetings of the Council and Board of Editors. For attendance at their regular annual meetings, members of the Council and Board of Editors may obtain expenses to include: (1) one half travel expenses (including meals and accommodations while traveling); (2) one day's expenses at headquarters hotel, including room and board; providing that no member receives compensation for expenses not actually incurred, or otherwise covered by payments from any agency (or institution), and that the total sum allowed to any one member for all expenses not exceed \$150.

For the Pacific Coast Branch, Professor Solomon Katz of the University of Washington reported to the Council. He indicated that the Branch now has over 800 members and that this year its annual program included twenty-two sessions. He also remarked that the finances of the Branch were in good condition and that at the moment the Branch has a balance of \$619. The Council accepted the report. (See page 47.)

The Executive Secretary, for the Committee on Committees, submitted nominations to the Council for additions and changes on the various Association committees. These were approved by the Council.

The Executive Secretary drew particular attention to the reorganization of the Committee for the Study of War Documents, which followed Council action of last year, and to the reorganization and a new procedure of the Harmsworth Committee. The Council approved the reorganization of the two above-mentioned committees.

The Executive Secretary brought to the Council a report of the ad hoc Committee on Prizes and Awards (Solon J. Buck, Guy Stanton Ford, Richard Shryock, Boyd C. Shafer). The Council accepted the report with minor amendments. A summary of the report as amended follows:

The Herbert Baxter Adams Prize. The prize sum was increased to \$300, and the award is to be given preferably to a first book and in no case to a book beyond the second by any scholar.

The George Louis Beer Prize. The value of the prize will be increased to \$300 annually, and the prize will be awarded only to young scholars for a first or second book.

The Albert J. Beveridge Award. No change was deemed desirable except that manuscripts submitted must be less than 150,000 words.

The John H. Dunning Prize. This prize will be withheld in 1960 in order to increase the capital available. A decision will be made in 1960 on renewal of the prize and an increase in its monetary value.

The Robert Livingston Schuyler Prize. The Executive Secretary was asked to examine the possibility of increasing the prize fund and of offering the prize at more frequent intervals. He is to correspond with the Conference on British Studies on these matters.

For the future the Council approved a statement of policy concerning prizes and awards:

"The prizes and awards of the American Historical Association have through the years brought honor both to the recipients and to the donor. They have stimulated significant and fruitful work in history. They have rewarded scholars who have accomplished major research and, in many cases, enabled publication of the results.

"The work of the prize and award committees of the Association has been of great value to the profession. At the same time, these committees have had to perform extraordinary, often tedious, and prolonged duties.

"The Association believes that its prizes and awards will continue to bring deserved honor to the recipients. It believes also that the prizes and awards should be of sufficient size to warrant the efforts of its committees. As a matter of policy, the Association should decline any new prize or award which does not by endowment equal at least \$500 biennially, and it prefers prizes and awards which, like the Beveridge Award, enable publication of significant work."

The Council considered the status of the Revolving Fund for Publication of the American Historical Association. Because the fund now contains only \$2,000, the Council decided that no publication should be financed from it during the year. It is hoped that the Committee on Publication of the American Council of Learned Societies will have taken action on publication problems during the year.

The Council confirmed the appointment of Professor Mason Hammond of Harvard and of President Lynn White of Mills College to the Board of Editors.

The Council agreed to the nomination of Thomas Parkinson of New York City to the Board of Trustees. It reelected Louis Gottschalk of the University of Chicago as delegate to the Social Science Research Council and Guy Stanton Ford as its delegate to the National Historical Publications Commission.

The Executive Secretary informed the Council of the dates and places of meeting for 1958 (Washington, D. C., The Mayflower, December 28-30) and 1959 (Chicago, Illinois, The Conrad Hilton, December 28-30). After considerable discussion, the Council decided that in 1960 the annual meeting should again be held in New York. The Council approved of Cyril E. Black, Princeton, as Program Chairman for 1958, and of Myron Koenig [later replaced by Richard Haskett], George Washington University, as Local Arrangements Chairman for 1958.

The Council reaffirmed its decision to increase the size of the staff at Association headquarters.

On the various special projects of the Association, the Executive Secretary summarized the work accomplished thus far. The Service Center for Teachers of History, he pointed out, had published five pamphlets which had been widely distributed. The War Documents Committee had filmed 1,050,000 frames in Arlington alone, and an additional large number in England. Copy for the Guide to Historical Literature was now coming to the editors, and the prospects for publication in 1959 are good. For the "Guide to

Photographed Historical Material in Canada and the United States," the collection of materials has begun; on this project a major difficulty will be to limit the material to be included. For the Committee on the Profession's Teaching Needs in graduate Education, Dexter Perkins described the planning that had been done and expressed the hope of the committee to begin a major study next year. Speaking for the Committee on the British Bibliographies, Stanley Pargellis reported that the Conyers Read volume on the Tudor period is in press, that the Edgar Graves volume on the medieval period is well along, and that Mary Frear Keeler has begun work on the Stuart volume. In response to a request of the Royal Historical Society, the Council of the Association agreed that the Executive Secretary should approach the Ford Foundation to ask that savings, from the sums originally granted for the British Writings to 1933, be made available for the preparation of the Writings, 1946-1949. The Executive Secretary spoke of the plans for the visit of the Bureau of the International Committee of Historical Sciences to the United States in October, 1958.

The Council discussed a proposal to publish the Review six times a year but took no action because of the costs involved.

Informed of the plans of the Library of Congress for a National Register of Manuscripts, the Council asked the Executive Secretary to prepare a resolution supporting this work.

The Council decided that action on a suggestion of the Mississippi Valley Historical Association that the two associations make a joint effort to seek foundation support for graduate fellowships in history be postponed for consideration until the matter was further clarified through further correspondence, and until the study of the historical profession's teaching needs (see above) had been made.

A proposal from Historical Abstracts was thoroughly discussed by the Council. Historical Abstracts had asked the Association for support in obtaining funds. The Council agreed that a letter of support be written but also expressed the hope that Historical Abstracts would continue to improve and made the reservation that support from the Association did not indicate a financial commitment of any kind.

For the Committee on Honorary Members, the Executive Secretary presented the nomination of Pieter Geyl for honorary membership in the Association. The Council unanimously approved. The Council, in addition, passed a motion that the number of honorary members in the Association be slowly increased to a maximum of twenty-five. The Council by this action indicated only that the Committee on Honorary Members should be permitted to make nominations up to this maximum, not that this number be necessarily appointed. To establish policy governing the selection of honorary members, the Council established this principle: "Recognition should first be governed by scholarship, then teaching, then historical activities. Geographical consideration should enter in only after these primary criteria."

On a proposal for a prize for doctoral dissertations, the Council took no action. The Council likewise took no action on other proposals concerning the reprinting of Review articles, joint subscriptions with other journals, and joint membership for husband and wife.

Upon a suggestion of Alvin Eurich of the Fund for the Advancement of Education for consideration of a televised basic course in American history for high school students, the Council agreed that the matter deserved serious consideration, that the Executive Secretary should inform the Fund for the Advancement of Education of the Association's interest, and that the Committee on Teaching be asked to consider the advisability of further action.

For the Executive Committee, the following members were elected for 1958: Robert R. Palmer, chairman, William L. Langer, Walter L. Dorn, James B. Hedges, Boyd C. Shafer, and the new Treasurer to be elected. The Finance Committee for 1958 will consist of the new Treasurer, the chairman of the Executive Committee, Robert R. Palmer, and the Executive Secretary.

Speaking for the Council, President Langer commended the Executive Secretary and Managing Editor and the headquarters staff for excellent work during the year.

The Council adjourned at about 6:00 p.m.

BOYD C. SHAFER, Executive Secretary.

**MINUTES OF THE BUSINESS MEETING OF THE
AMERICAN HISTORICAL ASSOCIATION,
HOTEL STATLER, NEW YORK CITY,
DECEMBER 29, 1957, 4:30 P.M.**

President William L. Langer called the meeting to order with about three hundred members present. The minutes of the last meeting (AHR, April, 1957, pp.788-90) were approved.

Dr. Boyd C. Shafer, Executive Secretary of the Association and Managing Editor of the Review, presented his annual report (See pp. 7-13). The Treasurer, Dr. Solon J. Buck, spoke briefly on the financial condition of the Association, referring the members to his mimeographed report which had been distributed. This report revealed that the total assets of the Association, including restricted funds for special projects, totaled about \$869,000 on August 31, 1957, and that the Association's financial condition was sound. Adding to his report, his last as Treasurer of the Association, Dr. Buck spoke of his work as Treasurer for twenty-one years, pointing out that from 1937 to the present, the membership had doubled and the assets of the Association had tripled. Modestly disclaiming any credit for these increases, he declared that he felt his greatest contribution to the Association had been in helping to secure Dr. Guy Stanton Ford and Dr. Boyd C. Shafer as Executive Secretaries and Managing Editors for the Association. It was moved and seconded that the Treasurer's report be accepted as presented, and unanimous approval was given.

Upon Council renomination, Thomas Parkinson of New York City was reelected without dissent to the Board of Trustees of the Association for another five-year term.

Professor Ray Billington, chairman of the Nominating Committee for 1957, presented the nominations for the officers of the Association for 1958: for President, Professor Walter Prescott Webb of the University of Texas; for Vice-President, Professor Allan Nevins of Columbia University; for Treasurer, Dean Elmer L. Kayser of George Washington University. The Executive Secretary, on motion, was instructed to cast one ballot for these nominees, and they were declared elected. Professor Billington announced that, as a result of the mail ballot for members of the Council and Nominating Committee, Professors Mildred L. Campbell of Vassar College and W. Stull Holt of the University of Washington were elected to the Council for regular four-year terms, and that Professors Paul W. Gates of Cornell University and Gordon Wright of Stanford University were elected to the Nominating Committee. Professor Billington stated that Professor Kenneth M. Setton of the University of Pennsylvania would be chairman of the Nominating Committee in 1958. The Nominating Committee's report was accepted.

For the Nominating Committee, Chairman Billington then read the following resolution honoring the long service of Treasurer Solon J. Buck. The resolution was passed unanimously.

Whereas, For nearly a quarter of a century, Solon J. Buck has served as Treasurer of the American Historical Association, but this year, in spite of the entreaties of his colleagues, has been unwilling to accept reelection, therefore be it

Resolved, That the members of the American Historical Association express their deep appreciation of Dr. Buck's long and dedicated service and their regret that they are henceforth to be deprived of his wisdom, tact, and efficiency as Treasurer of the Association.

Reporting upon actions taken at the Council meeting on December 27 (see Minutes, pp. 3-5), the Executive Secretary outlined plans for the coming year and noted actions taken. He announced new appointments to the several committees of the Association for 1958 and the reelection of Louis Gottschalk as an Association delegate to the Social Science Research Council and of Guy Stanton Ford to the National Historical Publications Commission. He read significant portions of the new policy on prizes and awards, pointed to the new criteria established by the Council for the selection of honorary members of the Association, and announced the election of Professor Pieter Geyl of the Netherlands

to honorary membership. He noted that the Council had decided not to reopen the Association Revolving Fund for Publication until more funds had been accumulated and until the American Council of Learned Societies' Committee on Publication Problems had reported. He summarized the work accomplished upon various special projects, the Service Center for Teachers, the British bibliographies, the Guide to Historical Literature, the "Guide to Photographed Historical Material in Canada and the United States," and the projected study of the needs of the profession in graduate education. The Executive Secretary mentioned also the coming visit of the Bureau of the International Committee of Historical Sciences in October, 1958, under the auspices of the Association.

For Professor Solomon Katz, the Pacific Coast Branch representative, the Executive Secretary read the Branch's report for 1957. This report indicated continued growth in membership, adequate funds, and an expanding program at the annual meetings of the Branch.

For the Committee on Resolutions, Dr. Stanley Pargellis of the Newberry Library read the following resolution:

Resolved, That the American Historical Association extend its gratitude and deep appreciation to Professor Oscar J. Falnes and his fellow members of the Program Committee for the organization of a highly varied and stimulating program, and to Professor Erling M. Hunt and his associates on the Committee on Local Arrangements for their skill and efficiency in providing accommodations to meet the needs of a growing Association.

President Langer opened the meeting for other business. From the floor two members asked questions concerning the policies and meetings of the Association. These were answered, as far as possible, by President Langer and Dr. Shafer.

The meeting adjourned at about 5:50 p.m. after a remark by Professor Samuel Bemis that it might be necessary to continue since Professor Frank Maloy Anderson, for the first time in more than thirty years, was not present to move adjournment.

BOYD C. SHAFER, Executive Secretary.

REPORT OF THE EXECUTIVE SECRETARY AND MANAGING EDITOR FOR 1957

Nearly always in the world's history it has been later than men have thought. Thus far in the world's history, it has never been too late to think. What the world now needs is sober thought in the humanities and social sciences, for the physical scientists have carried us into outer space before we have learned to manage our lives well on the earth's surface. It may be too late for anyone to save men and their earthbound civilizations. It is not yet too late to think of what we can do if we only have enough knowledge and, of course, the wisdom to use it.

Historians may or may not be able to supply wisdom. I like to think that they can, but I do not know. Historians can supply knowledge of men's experience. Of this there is no doubt. From Thucydides to Machiavelli, from Macauley to Ranke to Michelet to Meinecke to Becker, historians have extended men's knowledge of themselves and their affairs. We living historians, humble and modest about our studies as we ought to be, can extend this knowledge of experience if we have the tools, the time, the opportunities, the imagination.

Somewhere in the Great Renewal, Francis Bacon spoke of three kinds of ambition among men. The first, the extension of personal power, he called "vulgar and degenerate." The second, the enlargement of a country's power over others (we call it imperialism) had dignity, but was no less covetous. The third, the establishment of man's power over the universe, Bacon thought "more wholesome" and "more noble."

We are in a fair way to fulfill Bacon's ambitious dream of exercising control over the physical universe. We are, in a kind of fog of dehumanization hinting of 1984, in danger of losing our power to control and order human affairs. At any moment some men may destroy all men and all civilization. Our only chance now, and it has always been the only chance for men, is to civilize, to humanize, to understand ourselves. We may go on only to shoot rockets and missiles at the moon or even Venus. The United States and Russia, striving to outdo each other with science that is no longer fiction, may construct more and more, and more deadly IRBM's and ICBM's and use them. Suppose the United States and Russia go to war and fire successfully these weapons. What will men have gained? --an empty radioactive earth. But suppose we, men, in some devoutly to be desired sane moments, try not so much to outdo and destroy each other as to understand, to ameliorate (I do not say appease), to gain knowledge of how men may get along with each other without firing nuclear warheads. The only place we can search to find answers is in men's history. Thucydides and Machiavelli can tell us a good deal, both about how to prosecute a war and what might be done to avoid war.

I do not know that our search for ways and means to avoid catastrophe will succeed. Frankly, I am skeptical. I do not know that history teaches that good overcomes evil. History teaches everything and nothing or almost anything one wants to get from it. Men have warred and they have been peaceful, been belligerent and meek, and all stages in between. But if history holds no positive lessons that historians can inculcate, it does seem to show us possibilities, to reveal that knowledge and education can lead to some kind of mastery over human affairs.

If history does not teach any particular lesson, it mirrors all human experience. The uninformed may debunk history and historians all they will, but learned Greeks of the fifth and fourth centuries did reflect rather profoundly about man, his individual dilemmas, and his societies; the learned theologians of the thirteenth century did reason rather deeply about religion and right conduct; the humanists of the fifteenth and sixteenth centuries did think keenly about man's potentialities and his arts; and the scientists of the seventeenth century did gain knowledge of the physical nature of the universe and of man. If these philosophers, theologians, humanists, and scientists did not attain omniscience, and if they did not arrive at godlike wisdom, they did, with their knowledge, their reason, and their experiments, win for us potential power over ourselves and over nature. And we, the historians, are the discoverers, the custodians, the transmitters of their rich experience.

Bound to the reactors of our own twentieth century, we may fail and we may die. But if we fail and die, let it not be because we lack knowledge.

History among the humanities and the social sciences is one way to knowledge. Our Association and our Review are minor but not insignificant instruments to obtain and to spread knowledge.

What do we need to do, what must we do if we are to succeed as historians, as practitioners of an old, honorable, and useful profession?

It is easy to say that we must be studious and learned, persistent in pursuit of knowledge, scholarly in our researches, and restrained and objective in our publications and in our teaching. These are admirable generalizations, truisms with which we all agree. But what must we do concretely, what ought we clearly stand for, work for, demand? Certainly our fundamental aims are not higher salaries, though we are comparatively ill paid; certainly not buildings, though well supplied as we are, we need more; certainly not promotions, though some of us deserve them; certainly not just status in our society, though it could be higher. The aims for us as historians are the attainment of historical knowledge and the sharing of this knowledge through publications and in the classrooms. As men and as citizens, we may and should have other larger goals. As historians, we perform our responsibilities well in proportion as we acquire and add to historical knowledge and share this knowledge with our fellows.

What do we concretely need? We need training, especially for our younger men, in the skills of research, writing, and teaching. We need tools of research. We all need to be more liberally educated than we are.

During the past four as in previous years, the Association in its small sphere has been able to take short steps toward the achievement of these aims. We have neither streamlined nor added tailfins. We have no jet power, no rockets. We have only a modest building and no red carpets. We have limited funds and never enough energy. And yet with high goals of knowledge and wisdom which we will never reach, we have been able to help a little.

The Association has always tried to promote the study of history--scholarly, not popular history--in America. We are now, as usual, supplying tools of research. We are again helping in the improvement of the teaching of history in the schools. We have begun to study our graduate education and our teaching needs in colleges and universities.

When I came to the Association and the Review a little more than four years ago, I followed in the footsteps of great men, Jameson, Leland, and Ford, to mention only three. During my four years I have worked closely with many other fine historians, Solon Buck, to mention only one. From this focal point in the profession I have come to know something more about history and historians than I learned in my previous twenty years in the profession. What I have learned and learned again is how demanding scholarship, the pursuit of knowledge, really is. And I have learned, too, that to assist in the pursuit may be in itself a productive adventure.

What does historical scholarship in the United States demand today? How can it be made most productive? We must have tools with which to work. Some of these tools are bibliographies and indexes, dry and demanding in accuracy as they may be. A general plan I envisaged for bibliographies is beginning to be realized. Last year the Association published the Index to the Writings in American History, 1902-1940. Over a thousand copies have been distributed. We are told the Index is indispensable; it does appear to be useable. This year Conyers Read has completed his thorough revision of his bibliography on the Tudor period, and the volume has gone to press. Edgar Graves is working on his completely new guide to medieval English history, and Mary Frear Keeler has begun her major revision of the bibliography for the Stuart period. Stanley Pargellis should take a bow for his skill in getting these works started, and all of us who will use these guides ought to nod in the direction of the Ford Foundation which has provided the funds to prepare them.

With the able leadership of men like Reginald Phelps and Lynn Case we are preparing guides and indexes to the German war documents that are or were in Britain and the United States. We are at work, with Richard Hale as our editor, and through a grant by the Council on Library Resources, on a new guide to photographed materials (not photographs) of historical value in Canada and the United States. I am delighted to report that as a result of the plans of George Howe and his committee the work on the new monumental and long-awaited Guide to Historical Literature is progressing, that copy for it is beginning to come in and is being edited. There is a fair chance that the volume will be published in 1959. To the yet unmentioned many historians who have worked on these guides, to, for example, Howard Ehrmann, William C. Davis, Fritz Epstein, George Hallgarten, and Robert Eckles, we owe gratitude. Their labor will make ours easier in the future and will make possible research and publication which without guides could never be accomplished.

Tools like these mean something if they facilitate research, make it easier, more comprehensive, more accurate, and eventually lead to good teaching, good books. But they do not get books published. We have not been able to help in the publication of books as we would like to do. The great foundations, happily, have given us grants in substantial amounts for the production of research tools but not, unhappily, for publication. The two Beveridge winners of last year, Schroeder, "The Axis Alliance and Japanese-American Relations, 1941," and Spence, "British Investment and the American Mining Frontier, 1860-1901," are in press, or soon will be. Again this year, the Beveridge Committee, headed by John Hope Franklin, will recommend the publication of two manuscripts. But, as I pointed out last year, our Revolving Fund for Publication has almost revolved out of existence. We have been unable to replenish it. As a result, scholarly books go begging for publishers and the world needs knowledge.

Our prizes chiefly honor books already published. We are proud of our awards, though we hope that in some cases their monetary rewards can be increased a bit. This year the Association offered for the first time the Moses Coit Tyler Prize for an outstanding work in American intellectual history, a prize of \$1,500 plus publication, made possible by the Cornell University Press and the labor of our committee headed by Merle Curti. Because the committee could not decide upon a manuscript it considered sufficiently outstanding, the prize will not be awarded this year. We shall open the competition again in 1959. Our ad hoc Committee on Prizes and Awards recommends that we accept no new prizes which do not carry substantial monetary awards and that the Association, in the future, favor prizes enabling publication of works in manuscript. These recommendations we should follow.

We do, of course, publish our encyclopedic Review. Every three months from 280 to 300 pages of articles, reviews, notices, news, and bibliography appear. We published in 1956-57 thirteen articles, six "Notes and Suggestions," and 553 reviews and notices (517 last year) of books in all fields of history. We receive an ever mounting number of books (1,500 this year) from all over the world and an ever mounting number of articles (173 this year, 153 last year). The Board of Editors and the numerous specialists who read for us have had many essays to consider. The Managing Editor must here say a word of appreciation, for without the willing specialists to advise him, he could not maintain the Review's high standards. Without the scholarly assistance of T. R. S. Broughton and Loren MacKinney, who retire from the Board of Editors this year, for example, he would often have been lost in the intricacies of ancient and medieval history.

Your Editor was told in Italy and Switzerland this year of the high respect European scholars have for our Review, but he is far from being satisfied. He can say that the Review is carefully edited, that it is catholic in its interests and coverage, and that it appears to be useful and needed. Nevertheless, with the Board of Editors he is constantly seeking ways to improve it. This year we have, for instance, added about three hundred historians to our file of possible reviewers. But I have discovered that we should be cautious about change. The Review now is valued by thousands of historians, each department of it. I was tempted once to reduce the size of the lists of articles, only to find on questioning many of our colleagues that they really used these lists. It may be of interest to note that our Review lists of articles are extensive--in American history, for example, by far the most comprehensive, current list published.

Books, articles, reviews are to be read. They are ways of spreading knowledge. We could, we historians, win a few more readers, educate a few more people in history if we would always write to be read. I do not desire to make the Review or any of our publications best sellers, but we could win readers, perhaps double their now limited number, if we would avoid the passive voice, learn again the art of narration, make our people, our abstract terms, even our statistics, come to life through vivid example. I do, on the other hand, thank the fates or whatever it is that has spared us the atrocities committed in the name of social scientific terminology.

Publication is only one way we share knowledge. Far more sharing, I suspect, is done in the classrooms of the high schools, colleges, and universities. Our Service Centers for Teachers, directed by George Carson, is in its second year. Its consultant service has been utilized, though not as much as we had hoped. High school teachers and administrators from New England to Texas to California have met with Dr. Carson or one of our expert consultants. The Service Center's booklets for teachers, designed to survey late research and guide teachers in their reading, have, on the other hand, been widely circulated and generally acclaimed. Five have been published so far, and of these, 16,000 copies have been printed of one title and 14,000 of another. When I am asked whether our venture to help high school teachers has been a success, I can only reply that it is too early to judge. I believe that the Service Center has already had some salutary effects and that it has a chance to assist in the raising of the level of high school courses in history.

We are about to embark on the college and university seas with two other efforts to improve teaching. We will soon bring, with the guidance of a committee headed by

Holden Furber and through a grant from the Rockefeller Foundation, the first of about fifteen professors of South Asian history to the United States to teach on a university level. The first one will be Professor R. C. Majumdar of India. He will teach for a year at the universities of Chicago and Pennsylvania.

Last year Dexter Perkins' presidential address concerned the teaching of history. More reprints of this address were distributed on the request of individuals and institutions than of any other paper printed in the Review in the last four years. This reveals the intense and healthy interest in the subject. This year Dexter Perkins heads a committee to study our professional needs, particularly in graduate education. With a small grant from the Carnegie Corporation made directly to Professor Perkins, the committee is beginning its study of the content and requirements of our graduate training, the methods used in giving it, and the needs for history teachers in the next ten years. Quite wisely the committee is not studying our professional needs in vacuo. One of the vital questions it proposes to face is how the teaching of history is related to the other humanities, to liberal arts, and to liberal education.

As scholars, as historians, as researchers, as teachers, as writers, we have acquired some marvelous technical and specialized skills. Let no one underrate the great advances that have been made in the acquisition and propagation of historical knowledge. Like the physical scientists, though to a lesser degree, we historians know a great deal more than our ancestors about the techniques, about the facts (or lack of them), and we have woven hypotheses of wonder, though our testing of them leaves much to be desired. We still, it is obvious, need to know more about our own craft and about the so-called auxiliary sciences from paleography to statistics to psychoanalysis.

Nevertheless, our greatest present need is for liberally educated historians, historians who not only are skilled specialists in command of the languages, the bibliographies, and the techniques, who not only possess the ability to write simple but eloquent prose, but historians who also, out of wide reading and deep experience, are imaginative, learned, skeptical, critical, and urbane. We need liberally educated historians, many more than we have.

Only in the degree that a man is liberally educated can he hope to understand other men, other men in history as well as his contemporaries. If a historian wishes truly to understand a politician of the past, he must know politics, both the practice and the philosophy; in addition, a bit of experience, acquired directly in his own time, will make the practice and the philosophy come alive. If a historian wants to understand politics, he must be something of a politician himself, and if he is fully to understand his subject, he must also comprehend all the forces, economic, social, cultural, that have always stirred politicians to act. Or, if a historian wishes to understand a particular historical period, he cannot do so without knowledge of all its parts. Historical politics cannot be divorced from economics and religion, nor economics from politics and religion, nor religion from economics and politics. Nor, finally, can the particular historical period be divorced from all the flow of history that has preceded it. Again, if a historian wishes to know the history of a locality, or a class, or a town, or a social group, he cannot, if he wishes comprehension, study them in isolation. Towns and classes are part of larger communities, states, national, international, and of history as well. He who says he does not need to study, say, European towns and classes in order to understand the American, is limited in understanding. Should he then persist in his provincialism, his works will be superficial and better left unpublished. This may be a cruel judgment, but it is nevertheless a true one.

All of this is to say only that the individual fact is meaningless unless it is placed in the larger context of the civilization or civilizations of which it is a part and unless it is somehow fitted into the flow of history. Facts, however factual or fascinating, have little except encyclopedic value unless they are put into large frameworks, in which case they are no longer isolated but related. Facts to be made meaningful must be considered to be gregarious. And, as it is with facts, so is it with historical studies and, in fact, all knowledge.

Must a historian know everything? Yes, ideally, he must. Of course he will never succeed, but the ideal remains. And there is another major reason why he should be well

and liberally educated. To be so educated is to be able to see implications, meanings, possibilities. It is to be conscious of human potentialities both for good and for evil. It is to be able, because one knows men's experiences, to ask questions, many varied and subtle questions of evidence and in truth, to be able to discover what the evidence really and fully means. Now no one is, or can be, fully educated. But again, in proportion as one knows, say, Shakespeare, one can ask questions not only of Tudor and Stuart England but of historical ideas and characters everywhere and anywhere. So it is with the findings (though some be superficial) of anthropology, psychology, economics, political science, and sociology. While often we cannot use the findings of other disciplines, we can, from the other disciplines, learn to ask questions, questions, say, about the role of status, or race, or rites and mysteries, or money, or power, or priests.

All of this will sound platitudinous to some of us, idealistic and vague to others. But it needs saying. I say it here because, as I work for the Review and for the Association, I see studies little connected with the wide and deep experience of men. These studies, too often, I am afraid, are the result of the kind of training we give our young men and women. At times I long for the old classical curriculum. At least in encountering it, students bumped up against great thinkers and great ideas. I know that the old classical studies cannot and will not be revived. My plea is only that specialization be made clearly part of liberal learning. Though I suspect all panaceas, I am convinced that from liberal learning and from liberal learning only will we be able perhaps to gain the wisdom to win power, not only over the physical universe, but over ourselves.

The Association and the Review strive to promote historical knowledge from which we hope wisdom may come. We succeed sometimes. We fail others. As we proceed, we deal with many matters, some exciting, some prosaic and workaday. Hoping to facilitate international exchange of historical ideas, we, with leadership provided by Waldo Leland and Donald McKay, have obtained funds from the Ford Foundation to bring the Bureau of the International Committee of Historical Sciences to the United States for the first time, and ten or a dozen distinguished historians of the Bureau will be in the States in October, 1958. On a phase of our national history, diplomatic history, I can report that the State Department, accepting a suggestion of our Committee on the Historian and the Federal Government (Edward Younger, Chairman), has appointed a committee of seven well-known historians, political scientists, and international lawyers to advise its historical division. On a local level we were able, with the aid of Senator Leverett Saltonstall and Representative George McGovern (Ph.D., Northwestern, 1953), to obtain amendments to our Congressional charter which eliminated an outdated property limitation and exempted our headquarters from District of Columbia taxes. By persistence, luck, and because we have had good projects, we have been able to obtain generous foundation grants to promote specific historical studies. But we have not been able to obtain funds for publication of books.

Often we neither succeed nor fail. Our frustrations are not few. We have over 7,000 members. We have an extremely small staff--to be precise, five and two fifths people. Though we work like Trojans, we cannot do everything historians want us to do, and we have to spend considerable time doing things historians could well do for themselves did they take more thought. Students and their advisors incorrectly fill out the simple forms for doctoral dissertations. Members, and we like members, send us unsigned checks of letters, or forget to send their changes of address, and then in heat, write to ask why they have not received their copies of the Review. American historians, like their fellow citizens, are people on the move. More than 15 per cent of our membership change addresses every year, and over 600 did this year in August and September. We can scarcely keep up with them. Some historians, too, make demands impossible to satisfy. We obtain a foundation grant for a specific historical purpose. Members, thinking money is money and that the Association is rich, which it is not, ask us to divert it to other purposes. But foundation funds can be used only for the specific purposes for which they were granted, and we must reply with a firm "No." Sometimes we are asked to promote worthy projects which we find to be outside our

chartered purposes, and, again, the answer must be "No," no matter how worthy the cause, no matter how unhappy those who ask become.

Your headquarters people work. Our outgoing mail much of the time runs to over a hundred letters and books a day, and though each day we try to catch up with the incoming mail, always more manuscripts, more books, more requests for information and help, more address changes, more committee reports, more job register forms, more new projects pour in, and we never catch up.

In spite of our frustrations, which after all mark growth rather than stagnation, we render a service to the cause of historical study, to the humanities. The American Historical Association and the American Historical Review are historians', your instruments in this service. You can truthfully say that they are promoting history in America and historical knowledge throughout the world. As they do this, they will perhaps aid our fellows in gaining control of their affairs before it is too late, and this, to paraphrase Bacon's words, is not unwholesome or ignoble.

BOYD C. SHAFER, Executive Secretary and Managing Editor.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE TREASURER

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 1956-57

The ordinary financial assets of the American Historical Association on August 31, 1957, amounted to \$690,791.10 (\$697,226.45 last year), and in addition the balance of foundation grants for special projects totalled \$128,849.91. The Association headquarters (real estate, furniture and equipment) was valued at \$50,099.25. The total assets therefore were \$869,790.26. Of the first sum, \$620,051.47 (\$631,663.00 last year) constitute the capital funds of the Association in the custody of the Fiduciary Trust Company of New York, which are managed by it under the direction of the Board of Trustees. Of this amount \$250,418.81 (\$250,659.00 last year) was credited to various special funds, leaving \$369,632.66 (\$381,004.00 last year) the income from which was unrestricted. The cash on hand in checking, savings accounts, petty cash fund and temporary U. S. Treasury bills amounted to \$199,589.54 (\$189,944.61 last year), of which sum \$162,322.04 (\$154,344.26 last year) was restricted, leaving \$37,267.50 (\$35,715.35 last year) available for general purposes. The total of unrestricted funds, including both capital and expendable sums, amounted to \$406,900.16 (\$416,654.35 last year). Securities in the special Matteson Fund portfolio amounted to \$94,298.81 instead of \$94,539.00 as of the year before. The changes in assets have resulted in part from exchanges of securities and changes in the market value of investments, in part from foundation grants for special projects, and in part from receipts in excess of expenditures.

The expendable funds of the Association were administered through a general account, three special accounts, and one operating account which was discontinued in March, 1957. The general account includes, however, a number of special funds and grants, which are segregated from the unrestricted funds only by bookkeeping. The balances in this account are kept partly in a savings account, partly in a checking account and partly in temporary U. S. Treasury bills, and transfers are made from one to the other as occasion arises. The balances in the special accounts are separately deposited in savings accounts.

The following tables present a condensed exhibit of the financial transactions of the Association during the year. The Statement for the general fund is broken down into unrestricted funds and the various special funds and grants, and for the unrestricted funds the items for 1955/56 are included for purposes of comparison. Statements for the special accounts follow, and there are a number of summaries. The receipts of unrestricted funds exceeded ordinary disbursements by \$1,617.15. It should be noted, however, that the total of disbursements included the sum of \$914.33 for housing and an investment of \$10,000.00.

The Treasurer's accounts and the operating account have been audited by F. W. Lafrentz & Co., certified public accountants, and their report is on file in the Washington office of the Association, where it may be examined by any interested member. The report of the Fiduciary Trust Company, approved by A. W. Page, chairman of the Board of Trustees, is also on file and available for inspection in the Washington office.

This is my last report as Treasurer of the American Historical Association. Since I became Treasurer in 1937 the assets of the Association have tripled and the membership has more than doubled. I wish the next Treasurer success in duties that are essential and have become increasingly complex.

SOLON J. BUCK, Treasurer.

December, 1957.

GENERAL ACCOUNT

Comparative Statement for 1954/1956 and 1956/1957 of Receipts
and Disbursements of Unrestricted Funds

	<u>1955/56</u>	<u>1956/57</u>
<u>Receipts</u>		
Cash on hand Sept. 1.....	\$21,760.15	\$35,650.35*
Annual dues.....	41,762.24	44,098.66
Registration fees.....	2,671.50	2,190.00
Interest.....	15,111.54	14,390.77
American Historical Review.....	10,556.23	11,144.66
Royalties.....	127.18	25.00
Advertising.....	3,960.54	5,051.63
Miscellaneous.....	866.13*	913.47
Employees' taxes withheld from salaries for later payment.....		92.68
Foundation grants (portions allocated to administration).....	500.00	3,600.00
	<u>\$97,315.51</u>	<u>\$117,157.22</u>
<u>Disbursements</u>		
General administration.....	\$36,155.39	\$41,516.23
Council and committees.....	1,955.16	2,765.51
Annual meetings.....	2,292.97	2,590.41
Review--copies for members.....	19,880.00	20,981.60
A.C.L.S.--dues.....	200.00	200.00
Pacific Coast Branch.....	200.00	300.00
International Com. of Hist. Sciences.....	881.64	312.96
National Trust for Historic Preservation.....	100.00	100.00
Payment toward Adams prize of 1956.....		208.68
Investments.....		10,000.00
Housing.....		914.33
Total.....	\$61,665.16	\$79,889.72
Balance, Aug. 31.....	<u>35,650.35*</u>	<u>37,267.50</u>
	\$97,315.51	\$117,157.22

*Does not include petty cash fund of \$65.00.

Statement of Receipts and Disbursements for 1956/57 of
Special Funds and Grants included in the General Account

	<u>Receipts</u>	<u>Disbursements</u>
<u>Endowment Fund</u>		
Contributions.....	\$448.78	
Life membership dues.....	450.00	
Balance, Aug. 31, 1957.....		<u>\$898.78</u>
	<u>\$898.78</u>	<u>\$898.78</u>
<u>Andrew D. White Fund</u>		
Cash on hand, Sept. 1, 1956.....	\$162.34	
Interest.....	42.00	
Balance, Aug. 31, 1957.....		<u>\$204.34</u>
	<u>\$204.34</u>	<u>\$204.34</u>
<u>George Louis Beer Prize Fund</u>		
Cash on hand, Sept. 1, 1956.....	\$468.25	
Interest.....	294.00	
Prize of 1956.....		\$200.00
Balance, Aug. 31, 1957.....		<u>562.25</u>
	<u>\$762.25</u>	<u>\$762.25</u>
<u>John H. Dunning Prize Fund</u>		
Cash on hand, Sept. 1, 1956.....	\$339.29	
Interest.....	73.50	
Prize of 1956.....		\$140.00
Balance, Aug. 31, 1957.....		<u>272.79</u>
	<u>\$412.79</u>	<u>\$412.79</u>
<u>Robert L. Schuyler Prize Fund</u>		
Cash on hand, Sept. 1, 1956.....	\$500.00	
Interest.....	17.50	
Prize of 1956.....		\$100.00
Balance, Aug. 31, 1957.....		<u>417.50</u>
	<u>\$517.50</u>	<u>\$517.50</u>

GENERAL ACCOUNT--Continued

Statement of Receipts and Disbursements for 1956/57 of
Special Funds and Grants included in the General Account--Continued

	Receipts	Disbursements
J. Franklin Jameson Fund		
Cash on hand, Sept. 1, 1956.....	\$812.06	
Interest.....	154.70	
From sales of <u>List of Doctoral Dissertations</u>	265.40	
Expense on account of <u>List of Doctoral Dissertations</u>		\$102.87
Balance, Aug. 31, 1957.....		<u>1,129.29</u>
	<u>\$1,232.16</u>	<u>\$1,232.16</u>
David M. Matteson Fund		
Cash on hand, Sept. 1, 1956.....	\$6,106.56	
Interest.....	4,127.05	
Sale of <u>Index</u>	5,145.25	
Preparation of indexes and bibliographical lists.....		\$4,846.92
Balance, Aug. 31, 1957.....		<u>10,531.94</u>
	<u>\$15,378.86</u>	<u>\$15,378.86</u>
Job Register Fund		
Cash on hand, Sept. 1, 1956.....	\$318.86	
Annual fees.....	509.50	
Office expense.....		\$565.96
Balance, Aug. 31, 1957.....		<u>262.38</u>
	<u>\$828.36</u>	<u>\$828.36</u>
Housing Fund		
Cash on hand, Sept. 1, 1956.....	\$12,754.08	
Additional funds.....	914.33	
Real Estate.....		\$10,509.58
Furniture and Equipment.....		<u>3,158.83</u>
	<u>\$13,668.41</u>	<u>\$13,668.41</u>
Bibliographies of British History		
Ford Foundation grant		
Cash on hand, Sept. 1, 1956.....	\$41,890.76	
A new bibliography of medieval British History.....		\$4,804.92
A revised edition of <u>Oscars Read, The Tudor Period</u>		7,000.00
Writings on British History, 1901-1933.....		15,336.95
Administrative expenses.....		200.00
Balance, Aug. 31, 1957.....		<u>14,548.89</u>
	<u>\$41,890.76</u>	<u>\$41,890.76</u>
Service Center for Teachers of History		
Ford Foundation grant		
Cash on hand, Sept. 1, 1956.....	\$28,569.44	
Second year payment.....	51,200.00	
Salaries		
Executive Director.....		\$9,999.96
Clerk-stenographer.....		3,266.79
Rent of office and service.....		2,400.00
Office furniture and supplies.....		3,064.92
Meetings (eight in different sections of the country).....		2,738.04
Travel.....		1,642.87
Consultants.....		102.10
Publications (less receipts from sales) Net.....		4,941.92
Committee meetings.....		180.53
Contingent and miscellaneous.....		901.80
Balance, Aug. 31, 1957.....		<u>50,510.51</u>
	<u>\$79,769.44</u>	<u>\$79,769.44</u>
American Committee for the Study of War Documents		
Ford Foundation grant		
Cash on hand, Sept. 1, 1956.....	\$45,582.46	
Transferred from New York Committee.....	2,578.43	
Administrative and committees.....		\$1,047.97
Alexandria project (including payments to National Archives).....		14,663.22
Whaddon Hall, England project.....		1,119.94
Guide project.....		1,770.93
Transferred to Committee New York office.....		15,578.66
Balance, Aug. 31, 1957.....		<u>13,980.17</u>
	<u>\$48,160.89</u>	<u>\$48,160.89</u>
Travel Expense of Delegates to Int'l Meetings		
Carnegie Corp. of New York grant.....	\$9,000.00	
Expenses of delegates to 1957 meeting in Lausanne, Switzerland.....		\$1,267.92
Balance, Aug. 31, 1957.....		<u>7,732.08</u>
	<u>\$9,000.00</u>	<u>\$9,000.00</u>

GENERAL ACCOUNT--Continued

Statement of Receipts and Disbursements for 1956/57 of
Special Funds and Grants included in the General Account--Continued

	<u>Receipts</u>	<u>Disbursements</u>
Assistance for Professors of South Asian History		
Rockefeller Foundation grant.....	\$11,000.00	
Administrative and secretarial		
Secretarial.....		\$15.00
Committee meetings.....		372.22
Balance, Aug. 31, 1957.....		<u>10,612.78</u>
	<u>\$11,000.00</u>	<u>\$11,000.00</u>
Guide to Historical Literature		
Rockefeller Foundation grant.....	\$37,950.00	
Consultant services.....		\$3,000.00
Operating expenses		
Stationery.....		68.15
Duplicating service and typing.....		216.51
Telephone and postage.....		26.78
Reimbursements to Section Editors.....		373.86
Travel.....		413.96
Administrative services (including clerical).....		2,385.26
Balance, Aug. 31, 1957.....		<u>31,465.48</u>
	<u>\$37,950.00</u>	<u>\$37,950.00</u>

Summary Statement for 1956/57 of Receipts and Disbursements
of Funds in the General Account

	<u>Receipts</u>	<u>Disbursements</u>
Cash on hand, Sept. 1, 1956		
Unrestricted funds.....	\$35,650.35	
Special funds and grants.....	<u>137,504.10</u>	
	\$173,154.45	
Income		
Unrestricted funds.....	\$81,506.87	
Special funds and grants.....	<u>121,587.51</u>	
	203,094.38	
Expenditures		
Unrestricted funds.....	\$79,889.72	
Special funds and grants.....	<u>115,962.43</u>	
		\$195,852.15
Balance, Aug. 31, 1957		
Unrestricted funds.....		37,267.50
Special funds and grants.....		<u>143,129.18</u>
Grand total, general account.....	<u>\$376,248.83</u>	<u>\$376,248.83</u>

SPECIAL ACCOUNTS

Statement for 1956/57 of Receipts and Disbursements

	<u>Receipts</u>	<u>Disbursements</u>
Albert J. Beveridge Memorial Fund		
Cash on hand, Sept. 1, 1956.....	\$7,503.51	
Interest (from investments and savings account).....	3,890.90	
Royalties.....	4,109.44	
Editorial and publication expenses.....		\$5,373.09
Membership dues for contributors (two years).....		697.50
Committee expenses.....		685.64
Albert J. Beveridge award.....		500.00
Balance, Aug. 31, 1957.....		<u>8,247.62</u>
	<u>\$15,503.85</u>	<u>\$15,503.85</u>
Littleton-Griswold Fund		
Cash on hand, Sept. 1, 1956.....	\$7,309.43	
Interest (from investments and savings account).....	1,404.97	
Sales of publications.....	465.68	
Editorial and publication expenses.....		\$138.27
Committee expenses.....		140.60
Membership dues of contributor (two years).....		15.00
Balance, Aug. 31, 1957.....		<u>8,886.21</u>
	<u>\$9,180.08</u>	<u>\$9,180.08</u>
Revolving Fund for Publication of the AHA*		
Cash on hand, Sept. 1, 1956.....	\$2,027.22	
Interest (from savings account).....	29.64	
Royalties.....	1,609.62	
Publication expenses.....		\$1,600.00
Committee expenses.....		7.45
Balance, Aug. 31, 1957.....		<u>2,059.03</u>
	<u>\$3,666.48</u>	<u>\$3,666.48</u>

*Formerly the Carnegie Revolving Fund for publication

SPECIAL ACCOUNTS--Continued

Statement for 1956/57 of Receipts and Disbursements--Continued

	<u>Receipts</u>	<u>Disbursements</u>
Summary of Special Accounts		
Cash on hand, Sept. 1, 1956.....	\$16,851.02	
Income.....	11,510.25	
Expenditures.....		\$9,168.41
Balance, Aug. 31, 1957.....		19,192.86
	<u>\$28,361.27</u>	<u>\$28,361.27</u>

GENERAL SUMMARY

Summary Statement for 1956/57 of Funds in the General Account
and the Special Accounts

		<u>Receipts</u>	<u>Disbursements</u>
Cash on hand, Sept. 1, 1956			
General account.....	\$173,154.45		
Special accounts.....	16,840.16	\$189,994.61	
Income			
General account.....	\$203,094.38		
Special accounts.....	11,510.25	214,604.63	
Expenditures			
General account.....	\$195,852.15		
Special accounts.....	9,157.55		\$205,009.70
Balance, Aug. 31, 1957			
General account.....	\$180,396.68		
Special accounts.....	19,192.86		199,589.54
Totals.....		<u>\$404,599.24</u>	<u>\$404,599.24</u>

OPERATING ACCOUNT

(Discontinued Mar. 5, 1957)

Statement for 1956/57 of Receipts and Disbursements of Account
Not Handled by the Treasurer

	<u>Receipts</u>	<u>Disbursements</u>
American Committee for the Study of War Documents		
Cash on hand, Sept. 1, 1956.....	\$6,176.00	
Transferred from general account.....	15,578.66	
Dr. Faber, Whaddon Hall (returned camera).....	2,110.00	
Alexandria project (for selection of materials to be photographed).....		\$8,252.59
Whaddon Hall project (selection of materials and microfilming).....		8,070.50
Guide project (to prepare guide to material).....		89.23
Administrative expenses.....		4,873.91
Balance transferred to American Historical Association, as of Mar. 5, 1957.....		2,578.43
	<u>\$23,864.66</u>	<u>\$23,864.66</u>

FINANCIAL ASSETS

Securities as appraised Aug. 31, 1957.....		\$620,051.47
Credited to		
Albert J. Beveridge Memorial Fund.....	\$105,000.00	
Littleton-Grissold Fund.....	35,000.00	
Andrew D. White Fund.....	1,200.00	
George Louis Beer Fund.....	8,400.00	
John H. Dunning Fund.....	2,100.00	
J. Franklin Jameson Fund.....	4,420.00	156,120.00
David M. Matteson Fund (special portfolio).....		94,298.81
Unrestricted.....		<u>\$369,632.66</u>
Cash in checking, savings accounts, U. S. Treasury bills, and petty cash fund.....		\$199,589.54
Credited to		
Special accounts.....	\$19,192.86	
Special funds and grants.....	143,129.18	162,322.04
Unrestricted.....		<u>\$37,267.50</u>
Fixed Assets		
Real Estate.....	\$44,815.16	
Furniture and Equipment.....	5,284.09	\$50,099.25

FINANCIAL ASSETS—Continued

Summary

Unrestricted funds		
Securities.....	\$369,632.66	
Cash in custody of the Treasurer.....	<u>37,267.50</u>	\$406,900.16
Fixed Assets.....		50,099.25
Restricted funds		
Securities.....	\$250,418.81	
Cash in custody of the Treasurer.....	<u>162,322.04</u>	<u>412,740.85</u>
Total.....		<u>\$869,740.26</u>

REPORT OF THE AUDITORS

November 27, 1957

American Historical Association
400 A Street, S. E.
Washington, D. C.

We have examined the entries for the recorded cash receipts and disbursements of the general and special accounts of your Association for the period from September 1, 1956 to August 31, 1957, have verified all cash balances, have examined or confirmed all investments and performed such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances, in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards.

In addition to the usual statements of receipts and disbursements, we present in this report, a statement of assets of the Association as of August 31, 1957. The assets included are cash, investments and fixed property. Dues receivable, saleable books, library books and deferred charges are not included, nor are any liabilities reflected therein. We were advised that there were no liabilities other than those for current monthly bills.

In our opinion the accompanying exhibits and supporting schedules¹ present fairly the assets of the American Historical Association on August 31, 1957, and the recorded cash transactions for the year then ended, and have been prepared on a basis consistent with that of the preceding year.

CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

A combined summary of all receipts and disbursements for the year under review is as follows:

	Combined Total	Special Funds and Grants	Operating Fund	Special Accounts
Cash balance, September 1, 1956.....	\$189,994.61	\$137,504.10	\$35,650.35	\$16,840.16
Receipts.....	214,604.63	121,587.51	81,506.87	11,510.25
	<u>404,599.24</u>	<u>259,091.61</u>	<u>117,157.22</u>	<u>28,350.41</u>
Disbursements.....	205,009.70	115,962.43	79,889.72	9,157.55
Cash and temporary investments balance, August 31, 1957.....	<u>\$199,589.54</u>	<u>\$143,129.18</u>	<u>\$37,267.50</u>	<u>\$19,192.86</u>

Recorded cash receipts were traced to bank deposits and cash disbursements were supported by canceled checks and properly approved vouchers or authorizations.

¹ The exhibits and complete schedules are on file in the office of the Executive Secretary and may be examined by any qualified and interested person.

Income earned on investments during the year under review was checked for accuracy and properly accounted for on the books of the Association. Amortization of premiums paid on bonds owned was provided in accordance with the amounts determined by the Fiduciary Trust Company of New York.

Payments to the Association during the year under review by the Fiduciary Trust Company of New York totaled \$23,292.93.

Dues received during the year totaled \$44,098.66, in accordance with the cash receipts records. Verification by us was limited to a test check of the names on the members' account cards to the dues book. Your records indicate that the total dues received are applicable to the following years:

<u>Dues Year Ending in</u>	<u>Amount</u>
1959.....	\$ 121.25
1958.....	27,670.15
1957.....	15,866.26
Prior years.....	<u>441.00</u>
Total.....	<u>\$44,098.66</u>

Total dues collected in the preceding fiscal year amounted to \$41,762.24. A distribution of the dues between regular and student members is as follows:

5,529 members paid regular dues of \$41,699.63
594 members paid student dues of <u>2,399.03</u>
<u>\$44,098.66</u>

F. W. LAFRENTZ & CO.
Certified Public Accountants

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

December 1, 1957

TO THE TREASURER OF THE AMERICAN HISTORICAL ASSOCIATION:

Sir: I submit herewith a report of the Board of Trustees of the American Historical Association for the financial year ended August 31, 1957.

The securities held in trust for the Association on that date were as follows:

REGULAR SECTION

	<u>Approximate</u>		<u>Estimated annual income</u>	
	<u>Price</u>	<u>Value</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Bonds				
\$10,000. U. S. A. Treasury Notes A-1961 4% 8/1/61.....	\$101.00	\$10,100.00	.....	\$400.00
\$20,000. Canadian Pacific Ry. Cv. Coll. Tr. 3 1/2% 10/1/66.	92.00	18,400.00	.....	700.00
\$10,000. Virginian Ry. 1st Lien & Ref. B 3% 5/1/95.....	80.00	8,000.00	.....	300.00
\$20,000. Aluminum Co. of America Deb. 3 1/8% 2/1/64.....	97.00	19,400.00	.....	625.00
\$10,000. Dow Chemical Cv. Deb. 3% 7/1/82.....	123.00	12,300.00	.....	300.00
\$10,000. Commercial Credit Notes 3 1/4% 6/15/61.....	95.00	9,500.00	.....	325.00
Total bonds.....	.....	\$77,700.00	.....	\$2,650.00
Preferred Stocks				
100 shares Cons. Edison of New York \$5 Pfd. no par.....	98.00	9,800.00	\$5.00	500.00
100 shares E. I. Du Pont De Nemours \$4.50 Pfd. no par.....	100.00	10,000.00	4.50	450.00
70 shares U. S. Rubber 8% N-GM 1st Pfd. \$100 par.....	140.00	9,800.00	8.00	560.00
100 shares U. S. Steel 7% Pfd. \$100 par.....	141.00	14,100.00	7.00	700.00
200 shares Marine Midland 4% Cv. Pfd. \$50 par.....	52.00	10,400.00	2.00	400.00
Total preferred stocks.....	.....	\$54,100.00	.....	\$2,610.00

REGULAR SECTION--Continued

	Approximate		Estimated annual income	
	Price	Value	Rate	Amount
Common Stocks				
120 shares Insurance Co. of North America \$5 par.....	\$97.00	\$11,640.00	\$2.50	\$300.00
545 shares Cincinnati Gas & Electric \$8.50 par.....	25.00	13,625.00	1.20	654.00
480 shares Cleveland Electric Illuminating \$15 par.....	37.00	17,760.00	1.60	768.00
400 shares Texas Utilities no par.....	43.00	17,200.00	1.44	576.00
560 shares El Paso Natural Gas \$3 par.....	33.00	18,480.00	1.30	728.00
560 shares Rts- El Paso Natural Gas void 9/11/57.....	.11	61.00	.....	.....
400 shares Oklahoma Natural Gas \$7.50 par.....	26.00	10,400.00	1.50	600.00
400 shares United Gas \$10 par.....	33.00	13,200.00	1.50	600.00
221 shares Eastman Kodak \$10 par.....	100.00	22,200.00	2.65	586.00
300 shares American Can \$12.50 par.....	44.00	13,200.00	2.00	600.00
50 shares J. C. Penney no par.....	80.00	4,000.00	4.25	213.00
400 shares American Cyanamid \$10 par.....	42.00	16,800.00	1.50	600.00
200 shares E. I. Du Pont De Nemours \$5 par.....	189.00	37,800.00	6.50	1,300.00
300 shares Hooker Electrochemical \$5 par.....	28.00	8,400.00	1.00	300.00
200 shares Union Carbide no par.....	110.00	22,000.00	3.60	720.00
400 shares Continental Oil \$5 par.....	57.00	22,800.00	1.60	640.00
366 shares Standard Oil of Indiana \$25 par.....	48.00	17,568.00	1.40	512.00
605 shares Standard Oil of New Jersey \$7 par.....	63.00	38,115.00	2.20	1,331.00
600 shares General Electric \$5 par.....	65.00	39,000.00	2.00	1,200.00
250 shares Westinghouse Electric \$12.50 par.....	63.00	15,750.00	2.00	500.00
180 shares Ingersoll Rand no par.....	75.00	13,500.00	3.50	630.00
100 shares Kennecott Copper no par.....	97.00	9,700.00	6.00	600.00
Total common stocks.....	.....	\$383,099.00	.....	\$13,958.00
Securities value.....	.....	\$514,899.00	.....	.....
Principal cash.....	.....	\$853.00	.....	.....
Total account.....	.....	\$515,752.00	.....	.....
Estimated annual income.....	.....	.....	.....	\$19,218.00

Statement of Transactions During the Period from September 1, 1956 through August 30, 1957

Date	Purchase	Price	Principal
<u>PURCHASE</u>			
9/19/56.....	1/20th Shr. Cincinnati Gas & Electric.....	.....	\$1.42
<u>REDEMPTION</u>			
8/15/57.....	\$2,000. U.S.A. Treasury notes, C-1957, 2½ due 8/15/57.....	100	\$2,000.00
<u>SALES</u>			
3/21/57.....	55/100ths Shr. Eastman Kodak.....	.....	\$46.41
7/12/57.....	560 Rts. El Paso Natural Gas.....	7 cents Net	38.70
	Total Sales.....	.....	\$85.11

SECURITIES DISTRIBUTIONS RECEIVED

Date	
12/26/56.....	5 Shs. Standard Oil of New Jersey plus \$35.26 cash representing a distribution on 366 shs. Standard Oil of Indiana, to holders of record 11/15/56.
1/11/57.....	280 Shs. El Paso Natural Gas representing a 100% stock distribution on 280 shs., to holders of record 12/27/56.
1/21/57.....	10 55/100 Shs. Eastman Kodak, representing a 5% stock distribution on 211 shs., to holders of record 12/5/56.
2/18/57.....	200 Shs. Continental Oil representing a 100% stock distribution on 200 shs., to holders of record 1/23/57.
7/12/57.....	200 Shs. American Cyanamid representing a 100% stock distribution on 200 shs., to holders of record 6/3/57.

REGULAR SECTION--Continued

SECURITIES RECEIVED BY EXCHANGE

9/19/56.....	1 Shr.	Cincinnati Gas & Electric received for 20/20ths shr.
11/15/56.....	252 Shs.	Standard Oil of Indiana plus \$53.18 cash received for \$11,000. Standard Oil of Indiana Cv. Deb., 3 1/8% due 10/1/82.
8/1/57.....	\$10,000.	U.S.A. Treasury Notes A-1961, 4% due 8/1/61 received for \$10,000. Notes C-1957, 2% due 8/15/57.

RIGHTS RECEIVED AND SOLD

3/21/57.....	560 Rts.	El Paso Natural Gas, rights to subscribe to 10 ahs. \$5 Cv. 2nd Pfd. 1957 Series @ \$100 per share to holders of record 3/18/57. Void 4/2/57. Sold 3/26/57.
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RIGHTS RECEIVED

8/30/57.....	560 Rts.	El Paso Natural Gas, rights to subscribe to \$1,931. Cv. Deb., 5 1/4% due 9/1/77 to holders of record 8/26/57. Void 9/11/57.
Note: The name of Union Carbide and Carbon Corporation has been changed to Union Carbide Corporation.		

MATTESON FUNDVALUE OF ORIGINAL AND PRESENT HOLDINGS

Original value.....	\$73,501.00
Present value.....	94,298.00
Estimated annual income.....	4,278.00
Return on current market value.....	4.5%
Return on original value.....	5.8%
Bond premiums are amortized	

	Approximate		Estimated annual income	
	Price	Value	Rate	Amount
Bonds				
\$6,000. U.S.A. Treasury Notes A-1961 4% 8/1/61.....	\$101.00	\$6,060.00	.....	\$240.00
\$5,000. Union Pacific RR Deb. 2 7/8% 2/1/76.....	82.00	4,100.00	.....	144.00
\$5,000. Standard Oil N. J. Deb. 2 3/4% 7/15/74.....	84.00	4,200.00	.....	138.00
Total bonds.....	.....	\$14,360.00	.....	\$522.00
Common stocks				
297 shares American Telephone & Telegraph \$100 par.....	175.00	51,975.00	9.00	2,673.00
90 shares J. C. Penney no par.....	80.00	7,200.00	4.25	383.00
318 shares Standard Oil of New Jersey \$7 par.....	63.00	20,034.00	2.20	700.00
Total common stocks.....	.....	\$79,209.00	.....	\$3,756.00
Securities value.....	.....	\$93,569.00	.....	.....
Principal cash.....	.....	729.00	.....	.....
Total account.....	.....	94,298.00	.....	.....
Estimated annual income.....	.....	.....	.....	\$4,278.00

Statement of Transactions During the Period from September 1, 1956 through August 30, 1957

Date	SECURITIES SUBSCRIPTION	Price	Principal
10/5/56.....	27 Shs. American Telephone & Telegraph.....	100	\$2,700.00
<u>PURCHASES</u>			
NONE			
<u>SALE</u>			
9/11/56.....	100 Shs. Westinghouse Electric.....	57	\$5,654.40

Statement of Transactions During the Period from September 1, 1956 through August 30, 1957--Continued

Date	SECURITIES SUBSCRIPTION		Price	Principal
9/12/56.....	30 Shs.	American Telephone & Telegraph received for \$3,000. Cv. Deb., 3 7/8% due 10/13/67 plus \$1,440.00 cash.		
8/1/57.....	\$6,000.	U.S.A. Treasury Notes A-1961, 4% due 8/1/61 received for \$6,000. Notes C-1957, 2% due 8/15/57.		
<u>RIGHTS RECEIVED AND EXERCISED</u>				
9/27/56.....	270 Sts.	American Telephone & Telegraph rights to subscribe to 27 shs. @ \$100 per share to holders of record 9/14/57. Void 11/5/56. Exercised 10/5/56.		

The holdings of the American Historical Association as of Aug. 31, 1957, compare with its holdings of Aug. 31, 1956, as follows:

	Value of principal	Income		Value of principal	Income
REGULAR SECTION			MATTESON FUND		
Aug. 31, 1956.....	\$537,124.00	\$18,576.00	Aug. 31, 1956.....	\$94,539.00	\$3,870.00
Aug. 31, 1957.....	\$15,752.00	19,218.00	Aug. 31, 1957.....	94,298.00	4,278.00

As will be noted from the foregoing figures, the market value of the securities held in the Regular Section for the Association decreased (owing to the general stock market situation) from a total of \$537,124.00 on Aug. 31, 1956, to \$515,752.00 on Aug. 31, 1957. The income basis, as figured as of the same two dates, increased from \$18,576.00 to \$19,218.00. During the year, changes in value of securities in the Matteson Fund decreased from \$94,539.00 to \$94,298.00. However, the income was \$4,278.00 as against \$3,870.00 a year ago.

In accordance with accepted principles, the Trustees have given instructions to the Fiduciary Trust Co. to set aside out of each year's income such an amount as is applicable for that year toward the amortization of the premiums on bonds purchased above the redemption price. The charge upon income on this account for the fiscal year was \$146.02 for the Regular Section and \$8.78 for the Matteson Fund.

Charges made by the Fiduciary Trust Co. for management of securities as well as brokerage charges on purchases and sales amounted to \$2,406.00 for the Regular Section and \$423.00 for the Matteson Fund. The Board of Trustees incurred no other expenses.

FOR THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF THE
AMERICAN HISTORICAL ASSOCIATION
ARTHUR W. PAGE, Chairman.

DRAFT BUDGETS, 1957-58, 1958-59

UNRESTRICTED FUNDS

(Submitted to the Finance Committee and the Council, December, 1957)

	Actual income and expenditure 1956/57	Original proposed budget 1957/58	Proposed revised budget 1957/58	Proposed tentative budget 1958/59
<u>Receipts</u>				
Annual dues.....	\$44,098.66	\$42,000	\$43,000	\$43,000
Registration fees.....	2,190.00	2,700	2,700	2,400
Interest.....	14,390.77	13,250	14,000	14,000
Royalties.....	25.00	100	.....	.....
<u>American Historical Review</u>				
Macmillan, editorial expense.....	2,400.00	2,400	2,400	2,400
Share of receipts.....	8,744.66	8,000	8,500	8,500
Advertising and exhibit space (annual meeting).....	5,051.63	4,000	5,000	5,000
Royalties, publications and miscellaneous.....	753.47	300	500	500
Transfers from special funds and grants for ad- ministration of, services to, and housing of special grant projects.....	3,600.00	5,600	7,925	4,000
	\$81,254.19	\$78,350	\$84,025	\$79,800
<u>Disbursements</u>				
<u>General Administration</u>				
Salary, Exec. Sec. & Editor.....	\$15,000.00	\$15,000	\$15,000	\$15,000
Salary, Bookkeeper.....	3,900.00	4,100	4,100	4,250
Annuity, Miss Washington.....	480.00	480	480	480
Salary, Asst. Editor.....	5,383.86	5,400	5,400	5,500
Salary, Sec. to Exec. Sec.....	3,500.04	3,650	3,650	3,750
Salary, Editorial Asst.....	3,274.98	3,450	3,450	3,550
Salary, Clerical Asst. (part time).....	529.75	825	825	925
Janitor service (part time).....	.....	.....	780	780
Bonding Bookkeeper.....	25.00	25	25	25
Auditing.....	300.00	300	500	500
Travel.....	602.41	750	800	1,000
Housing operating expenses:				
gas, water, trash, electricity, replace- ments, and additional equipment, sup- plies, etc.....	2,031.36	2,625	2,500	2,500
Original office equipment.....	914.33	.....	.....	.....
Office expense:				
stationery, supplies, printing, postage, telephone, telegraph, etc.....	2,983.30	3,000	3,600	3,600
Notes contributed to the Review.....	696.50	750	750	750
Annuity for Executive Secretary.....	666.00	666	666	666
Social Security for office staff.....	510.25	450	653	662
Contribution toward hospitalization insur- ance for staff.....	.....	.....	105	157
Contingent and miscellaneous.....	1,454.25	1,500	2,000	2,000
Legal counsel.....	100.00	100	100	100
	\$42,352.03	\$43,071	\$45,384	\$46,195
Payments to the Macmillan Co. for copies of the Review supplied to members.....	\$20,981.60	\$21,000	\$21,500	\$22,000
<u>Historical Activities</u>				
Pacific Coast Branch.....	\$300.00	\$300	\$300	\$300
Council and Committees.....	2,765.51	3,250	3,600	3,600
Annual Meetings				
Program (printing and mailing).....	2,157.47	1,800	2,200	2,200
Program committees				
1956.....	50.00	.....	.....	.....
1957.....	75.00	50	.....	.....
1958.....	.....	75	50	50
1959.....	.....	.....	75	75
Local arrangement committees.....	172.94	500	500	500
Ballot (printing).....	135.00	135	150	150
Dues in ACILS.....	200.00	200	200	200
International Committee of Historical Sciences (Membership, Bibliography).....	312.96	275	275	275
National Trust for Historical Preservation.....	100.00	100	100	100
Herbert Baxter Adams prize.....	208.68	.....	.....	225
	\$6,477.56	\$6,685	\$7,450	\$7,675
Investments, unrestricted funds.....	\$10,000.00	\$10,000	\$10,000	.....

DRAFT BUDGETS, 1957-58, 1958-59--Continued

Summary of Disbursements

	Actual income and expenditure 1956/57	Original proposed budget 1957/58	Proposed revised budget 1957/58	Proposed tentative budget 1958/59
<u>SUMMARY OF DISBURSEMENTS</u>				
General Administration.....	\$42,352.03	\$43,071	\$45,384	\$46,195
Macmillan Co. for copies of <u>Review</u> to members..	20,981.60	21,000	21,500	22,000
Historical Activities.....	6,477.56	6,685	7,450	7,675
Investments.....	10,000.00	10,000	10,000	.....
	<u>\$79,811.19</u>	<u>\$80,756</u>	<u>\$84,334</u>	<u>\$75,870</u>

Balance Sheet, 1957/59, estimated and computed

Balance on hand, Sept. 1, 1957 (actual).....	\$37,082.49
Receipts, 1957/58 (estimated).....	<u>84,025.00</u>
Total available, 1957/58 (computed).....	121,107.49
Expenditures, 1957/58 (estimated).....	<u>84,334.00</u>
Balance, Sept. 1, 1958 (computed).....	36,773.49
Receipts, 1958/59 (estimated).....	<u>79,800.00</u>
Total available, 1958/59 (computed).....	116,573.49
Expenditures, 1958/59 (estimated).....	<u>75,870.00</u>
Balance, Sept. 1, 1959 (computed).....	<u>\$40,703.49</u>

MEMBERSHIP STATISTICS

December 17, 1957

I. GENERAL

Total Membership:			
Individuals - Honorary.....	13		
Life.....	* 367		
Annual.....	6,254		
Members - 50 years and over.....	10		
Institutions - Annual.....	<u>380</u>		7,024
Total paid membership, including life members.....			6,326
Delinquent.....			675
Less:			
Deaths: Honorary.....	1		
Life.....	14		
Annual.....	<u>29</u>	44	
Resignations.....		64	
Dropped.....		<u>249</u>	357
Gain:			
Life.....	2		
Annual.....	<u>756</u>	758	
Former members re-entered.....		<u>46</u>	804
Net Gain.....			447
Membership, December 17, 1957.....			6,577
New members and renewals.....		804	
Losses.....		<u>357</u>	
Net gain.....			<u>447</u>
			7,024

*During the year 14 life members have been lost; 2 life members have been added.

II. BY REGIONS

New England: Me., N.H., Vt., Mass., R.I., Conn.....	779
North Atlantic: N.Y., N.J., Pa., Del., Md., D.C.....	2,375
South Atlantic: Va., N.C., S.C., Ga., Fla.....	525
North Central: Ohio, Ind., Ill., Mich., Wis.....	1,240
South Central: Ala., Miss., Tenn., Ky., W.Va.....	267
West Central: Minn., Iowa, Mo., Ark., La., N.Dak., S.Dak., Nehr., Kans., Okla., Tex.....	785
Pacific Coast: Mont., Wyo., Colo., N.Mex., Idaho, Utah, Nev., Ariz., Wash., Oreg., Calif.....	811
Territories and dependencies: Alaska, Canal Zone, Hawaii, Virgin Islands.....	33
Other countries.....	<u>209</u>
Total membership.....	7,024

Membership Statistics, December 17, 1957--Continued

III. BY STATES

	Total Membership	New Members and Renewals		Total Membership	New Members and Renewals
Alabama.....	56	4	Nebraska.....	48	7
Alaska.....	7	....	Nevada.....	4	....
Arizona.....	26	5	New Hampshire.....	29	2
Arkansas.....	25	6	New Jersey.....	231	23
California.....	516	55	New Mexico.....	32	5
Canal Zone.....	1	....	New York.....	1,132	145
Colorado.....	57	7	North Carolina.....	123	13
Connecticut.....	177	21	North Dakota.....	11	....
Delaware.....	22	3	Ohio.....	288	25
District of Columbia...	296	27	Oklahoma.....	49	8
Florida.....	56	5	Oregon.....	52	9
Georgia.....	61	6	Pennsylvania.....	439	55
Hawaii.....	13	1	Puerto Rico.....	10	3
Idaho.....	10	....	Rhode Island.....	45	5
Illinois.....	389	54	South Carolina.....	42	1
Indiana.....	188	14	South Dakota.....	18	3
Iowa.....	87	8	Tennessee.....	83	17
Kansas.....	76	9	Texas.....	183	30
Kentucky.....	63	6	Utah.....	10	2
Louisiana.....	48	10	Vermont.....	26	5
Maine.....	35	3	Virgin Islands.....	1	....
Maryland.....	255	25	Virginia.....	243	23
Massachusetts.....	467	43	Washington.....	84	12
Michigan.....	250	24	West Virginia.....	38	6
Minnesota.....	124	8	Wisconsin.....	125	11
Mississippi.....	27	4	Wyoming.....	8	1
Missouri.....	116	19	Other Countries.....	209	24
Montana.....	13	2		* 7,024	804

*This includes new members and renewals.

IV. DEATHS REPORTED SINCE 1956

Honorary member:	Date of Death
Gaetano De Sanctis, Rome, Italy.....	1957
Life members:	
Edward S. Bergin, Detroit, Mich.....	1957
Joseph Breed Berry, Boston, Mass.....	1957
Arthur V. Brown, Indianapolis, Ind.....	Apr. 15, 1949
Isaac Joslin Cox, San Antonio, Tex.....	Oct. 31, 1956
Godfrey Davies, San Marino, Calif.....	1957
Alfred L. Esberg, Los Altos, Calif.....	Feb. 7, 1957
Edgar H. Evans, Indianapolis, Ind.....	1954
Mrs. Alexander R. Holliday, Indianapolis, Ind.....	Aug. 1, 1957
Mary Helen Humphrey, Simsbury, Conn.....	Apr. 12, 1957
Henry Itleson, New York, N.Y.....	Apr. 19, 1957
Jerome Barker Landfield, San Francisco, Calif.....	1957
William Orland Lynch, Brownstown, Ind.....	1957
Ulric Bonnell Phillips, Jr., Kensington, Md.....	Jul. 31, 1957
P. C. Reilly, Indianapolis, Ind.....	1952
Charles F. T. Seaverns, Hartford, Conn.....	Jul., 1956
William L. Taylor, Indianapolis, Ind.....	1956
S. H. Williams, Glastonbury, Conn.....	1951
Annual members:	
William Appleton Aiken, Bethlehem, Pa.....	Sep. 26, 1957
Charles Henry Ambler, Morgantown, W.Va.....	Aug. 31, 1957
Arthur Cecil Bining, Drexel Hill, Pa.....	Oct. 28, 1957
Lawrence K. Borden, Omaha, Neb.....	1957
John Bartlett Brebner, New York, N.Y.....	Nov. 10, 1957

DEATHS REPORTED SINCE 1956--Continued

Annual members:	Date of Death
William Marshall Bullitt, Louisville, Ky.	Oct. 3, 1957
Zechariah Chafee, Jr., Cambridge, Mass.	Jan. 8, 1957
Robert G. Cleland, San Marino, Calif.	Sep. 3, 1957
Rev. Peter Masten Dunne, S.J., San Francisco, Calif.	Jan. 15, 1957
Edwin A. Falk, New York, N.Y.	Nov. 14, 1956
Stanley K. Fox, Chicago, Ill.	Dec. 24, 1956
Howard Greene, Christiana, Del.	1957
John Greene, Brooklyn, N.Y.	1957
Oskar Frank Leonard Hagen, Madison, Wis.	Oct. 5, 1957
Duncan Clark Hyde, Charlottesville, Va.	Feb., 1957
Leo B. Kagan, New York, N.Y.	Apr. 22, 1957
Walter Karig, Alexandria, Va.	Sep. 30, 1956
Anna M. Klinghagen, Wellesley, Mass.	Sep. 23, 1957
Alina M. Lindegren, Washington, D.C.	Jan. 1, 1957
John H. H. Morrow, Philadelphia, Pa.	May 30, 1957
P. Raymond Nielson, Omaha, Neb.	May 27, 1957
Thomas W. Palmer, Jr., Boston, Mass.	Jan. 12, 1957
Ralph H. Records, Norman, Okla.	Jan. 4, 1957
Maurice L. Stafford, Mexico City, Mexico	Jul. 15, 1957
Claude J. Stone, Peoria, Ill.	Nov. 13, 1957
Benjamin P. Thomas, Springfield, Ill.	1957
Francis Joseph Tschan, State College, Pa.	Jul., 1957
A. T. Volwiler, Athens, Ohio.	1957
George Wagoner, Bryn Mawr, Pa.	Apr. 29, 1957
Floyd L. Warne, Brooklyn, N.Y.	1957
Oswald H. Wedel, Tucson, Ariz.	Feb. 25, 1957
Judith Blow Williams, North White Plains, N.Y.	Oct. 16, 1957

COMMITTEE REPORTS FOR 1957

THE NOMINATING COMMITTEE

The following list represents the results of votes received from the membership for candidates whose names appeared on the ballot: President--Walter Prescott Webb; Vice-President--Allan Nevins; Treasurer--Elmer Louis Kayser; Mildred L. Campbell and W. Stull Holt to the two vacancies on the Council; and Paul W. Gates and Gordon Wright to the two vacancies on the Nominating Committee.

Kenneth M. Setton will serve as chairman of the nominating Committee for 1958. The other continuing members are Thomas Perkins Abernethy and Caroline Robbins.

RAY A. BILLINGTON, Chairman.

December 21, 1958.

THE COMMITTEE ON THE HERBERT BAXTER ADAMS PRIZE

Since the Herbert Baxter Adams Prize is awarded in even years, the committee has had no function to fulfill during this year. Two submissions have been received, but nothing has been done to encourage publishers to submit volumes since they will all be expected to do so early next year, and it will be more systematic to confine the committee's dealings with the publishers to a single canvass.

The present members of the committee are Harold J. Grimm, Henry Bertram Hill, chairman, and Henry R. Winkler, and will serve through next year.

October 15, 1957.

HENRY BERTRAM HILL, Chairman.

THE COMMITTEE ON THE GEORGE LOUIS BEER PRIZE

The George Louis Beer Prize Committee recommends that the prize be awarded this year to Alexander Dallin for his German Rule in Russia, 1941-1945 (Macmillan & Co., Ltd., and St. Martin's Press) with honorable mention to Norman Kogan's Italy and the Allies (Harvard University Press). The committee (consisting of H. Stuart Hughes, Carl E. Schorske and myself) voted unanimously on the first ballot to award the prize to Dallin's book, which all members considered a work of genuinely impressive scholarship.

Announcements of the competition were sent in March to approximately fifty publishers who submitted a total of twelve books. Two works were clearly ineligible and it was questionable whether three of the remaining items came within the terms of the prize. The committee agreed to eliminate one additional book because it had previously received several substantial prizes. Even with these eliminations there remained a sufficient number of works of merit to make 1957 a "good year" in the prize competition.

October 31, 1957.

JOSEPH J. MATTHEWS, Chairman.

THE REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON THE ALBERT J. BEVERIDGE AWARD

This report covers the period from November 1, 1956 to November 1, 1957. During this time, one meeting was held, October 26, 1957, in Washington, D.C. The personnel of the committee was A. B. Chandler, the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, who succeeded Richard Overton who resigned on April 1, 1957, for reasons of health; Arthur S. Link, Northwestern University; Walter V. Scholes, University of Missouri; Frederick B. Tolles, Swarthmore College; and John Hope Franklin, Brooklyn College.

The manuscript that received the award for 1956, "The Axis Alliance and Japanese-American Relations, 1941," by Paul W. Schroeder, has gone to press. As far as the committee knows, no publication date has been announced.

The manuscript that received honorable mention for 1956, "British Investment and the American Mining Frontier, 1860-1901," by Clark C. Spence, has not gone to press. Revisions were delayed because of the indisposition of the editor who had consented to work on it. Herbert Heaton has now kindly consented to cooperate with Dr. Spence in preparing the manuscript for press, and it should be ready shortly.

The committee recommends that the following changes be made in the terms of the Beveridge Award:

1. Since authors continue to violate the terms regarding the length of the manuscript, the committee recommends that the following sentence be added:

"Manuscripts exceeding 125,000 words will not be considered."

2. Much time is lost in preparing good manuscripts for the press, while some of those that were rejected could hardly be considered more than rough drafts. The committee therefore recommends that the following sentence be added to the end of the third paragraph from the bottom of the first page of the "Terms:"

"In any event, candidates are strongly advised to submit only manuscripts that have been carefully edited and revised with a view toward publication."

The committee received thirteen manuscripts for the 1957 competition. This is the same number submitted in the 1956 competition. This year, however, one manuscript was withdrawn in September when the author received a firm offer of publication from a reputable university press. At its meeting in October, the committee requested the chairman to use his discretion in passing on to unsuccessful authors the observations of members of the committee regarding their manuscript.

"Rails, Mines, and Progress: Seven American Promoters in Mexico, 1867-1911," by David M. Fletcher, Hamline University, was designated by the committee to receive the award for 1957. "A Frontier State at War: Kansas, 1861-1865," by Albert Castel, Wichita, Kansas, was designated to receive honorable mention for 1957.

The committee strongly recommends the appointment of the following for membership in the committee for 1958: A. B. Chandler, Jr., Massachusetts Institute of Technology; George Mowry, University of California at Los Angeles; Walter V. Scholes, University of Missouri; Charles G. Sellers, Princeton University; and as chairman, Frederick B. Tolles, Swarthmore College.

The committee wishes to thank Dr. Boyd Shafer and his staff for their generous and thoughtful cooperation.

November 23, 1957.

JOHN HOPE FRANKLIN, Chairman.

ALBERT J. BEVERIDGE AWARD

Statement of Receipts and Disbursements, Sept. 1, 1956 to August 31, 1957

	<u>Receipts</u>	<u>Disbursements</u>
Cash on hand, Sept. 1, 1956.....	\$7,514.37	
Interest - Investments.....	\$3,806.25	
Savings Account.....	<u>84.65</u>	3,890.90
Royalties:		
Kirby, <u>George Keith</u>	4.80	
Perkins, <u>Northern Editorials on Secession</u>	31.98	
McNall, <u>An Agricultural History of the Genesee Valley</u>	8.50	
Ryman, <u>Era of the Oath</u>	100.00	
Wilk, <u>Steam Power on the American Farm</u>	128.00	
Van Deusen, <u>Horace Greeley</u>	78.00	
Binkley, <u>Official Correspondence of the Texas Revolution</u> <u>1835-1836</u>	37.31	
Dumond, <u>Letters of James Gillespie Birney</u>	15.99	
Ver Steeg, <u>Robert Morris, Revolutionary Financier</u>	222.00	
Twyman, <u>History of Marshall Field Company</u>	78.00	
Brown, <u>Middle Class Democracy and the American Revolution</u> <u>in Massachusetts</u>	574.77	
Johnson, <u>Development of American Petroleum Pipelines</u>	418.28	
Graham, <u>Colonists from Scotland</u>	922.87	
Smith, <u>Professors and Public Ethics</u>	324.70	
Bentley, <u>A History of the Freedmen's Bureau</u>	653.37	
Perkins, <u>The First Reapproachment</u>	<u>510.87</u>	4,109.44
Publications and Editorial Expenses:		
Smith, <u>Professors and Public Ethics</u>		\$2,819.78
Graham, <u>Colonists from Scotland</u>		2,553.31
Membership dues for contributors (two years).....		697.50
Committee expenses.....		696.50
Albert J. Beveridge award.....		<u>500.00</u>
	<u>\$15,514.71</u>	<u>\$7,267.09</u>
Balance, Aug. 31, 1957.....		<u>8,247.62</u>
	<u>\$15,514.71</u>	<u>\$15,514.71</u>

THE COMMITTEE ON DOCUMENTARY REPRODUCTION

1. Personnel and Recommendations. The chairman has no suggestions for replacements. However, he should like to ask Cyril E. Black to move to the position of permanent chairman of the Russian or Slavic sub-committee.

Only two members of the committee have taken no really active part in making suggestions or in working on projects. Because of the necessity of asking scholars to serve in connection with the grant from the Council on Library Resources, this would be a good time to add sub-committees and reorganize present ones. This should be a matter for discussion at the next committee meeting in December.

2. The Ford Grant and the Library of Congress. No one could ask for better cooperation from any organization than we have had from the Library of Congress. John Cronin, head of the Processing Division, and his staff have gone out of their way to make suggestions and to see that the necessary reports were submitted to the Ford Foundation on time. Mr. Cronin has indicated that the Library of Congress wishes to continue this cooperation with the American Historical Association. He has asked that this committee and the Association in cooperation with the Library, request a further grant from the Ford Foundation or similar agency to continue the microfilming of catalogs and other important materials in repositories abroad.

During this year, the following disbursements were made to travelling scholars:

1. John I. Kolehmainen, Heidelberg College, \$1,400 for filming Finnish State Archives reports to the Czars, 1870-1917.
2. Donald G. Barnes, Western Reserve University, \$2,000 for filming the Cornwallis papers in the Public Records Office in London.
3. Peter Amann, Bowdoin College, \$650 for filming documents concerning the Revolution of 1848 in the Archives of France.
4. Martin Wolfe, University of Pennsylvania, and Mary Lucile Shay, University of Illinois, the joint sum of \$1,000 for filming unpublished inventories and catalogs in several Italian Libraries and archives.
5. Ralph H. Lutz, Stanford University, \$400 for filming unpublished inventories in Vienna. When Professor Lutz became ill, his grant was turned over to Harold C. Deutsch, University of Minnesota, for microfilming documents in West German collections on World War II.
6. Charles R. Webb, San Diego State College, \$100 for filming unpublished inventories in the Bibliothèque National in Paris.

The total of \$5,550 includes unexpended balances from the previous year.

Members of the sub-committees will be asked through the chairmen to submit new projects for the third and final year of this grant.

3. Grant from the Council on Library Resources. A grant from the Council on Library Resources to the Association for editing and publishing a catalog or guide to photocopied material of historical value in repositories in the United States and Canada was received on October 15, 1957. In preparing the application for the grant, a meeting was held in Washington early in March. Those present to discuss the problems of application and procedure were committee members Eckles, Hale, MacKinney and Shipton in addition to the Executive Secretary, Messrs. Cronin and Jakobson of the Library of Congress, and Kaye Lamb of the Canadian Archives.

A formal application calling for \$58,100 and a two-year project was submitted and accepted. The project will be directed by Dr. Richard W. Hale, Jr. It is hoped that new techniques of recording information regarding acquisitions and procedures in repositories will directly result from this work. An advisory committee has been set up with members from the American Historical Association, this committee, the Library of Congress and the National Archives.

Dr. Hale has already begun work on the project and on November 21 the first meeting of the advisory committee will be held. It is the present plan to ask members of the committee or their designates to meet sometime during the annual meeting of the Association in New York in December.

The chairman wishes to express the pleasure afforded him in working with the Executive Secretary and his staff during the past year.

October 28, 1957.

ROBERT B. ECKLES, Chairman.

THE COMMITTEE ON THE JOHN H. DUNNING PRIZE

Since the John H. Dunning Prize is not awarded in the odd-numbered years, the committee has no action to report at this time.

November 18, 1957.

EARL POMEROY, Chairman.

COMMITTEE ON THE GUIDE TO HISTORICAL LITERATURE

One year ago, this committee could report that its efforts to plan and initiate the production of a new GUIDE TO HISTORICAL LITERATURE had been rewarded by three major accomplishments:

A satisfactory contract with The Macmillan Company,

A generous grant of up to \$75,000 from the Rockefeller Foundation to assist in preparing the manuscript,

A tentative list of acceptances by individuals asked to prepare the greater portion of the volume's 39 Sections.

During the past year, the remaining Section Editors were added. These scholars were promised reimbursement of costs incurred by them in the expeditious production of their copy, and were offered such assistance by the central editorial office as they could use.

Professor William Columbus Davis was retained as Central Editor after he had completed his work as editor of the Association's Index to the Writings on American History, 1902-1940. The George Washington University consented to adjustments in his teaching schedule which would permit him to work part-time or full-time on the GUIDE, as circumstances required. He assumed responsibility for technical editing and related correspondence.

The committee arranged for the part-time services of Miss Belinda Dameron as editorial-clerical assistant. Miss Dameron was formerly employed by the National Geographic Society and is now on the office staff of the executive Secretary of the Association.

The Library of Congress allowed the GUIDE to use a Study Room for work which can best be performed there. Correspondence, mimeographing, mailing and accounting have been accomplished within the office space in the Association's building.

In June, copy for the first of the Sections was received, and that for other Sections has been received since. There has been some slippage in the schedule and it is apparent that the bulk of the copy should be expected to arrive at the end of the year. Claims for reimbursement of costs incurred by Section Editors are correspondingly less at this stage than was expected.

The committee held two meetings and conducted its business in the interim by correspondence and through an executive committee in Washington. As a Board of Editors, its work during the planning stage has slackened off during the current phase, according to expectations. It will become considerable during the early part of the coming year. At this juncture, the committee is confident that the project will proceed in general conformity with the schedule to produce the book for use during the academic year 1958-1959.

During the Association's fiscal year ending September 1, 1957, receipts and disbursements were as follows:

	<u>Receipts</u>	<u>Disbursements</u>
Rockefeller Foundation.....	\$37,950.00	
Editor's salary.....		\$3,000.00
Operating expenses		
Stationery.....		68.15
Duplicating service and typing.....		216.51
Telephone and postage.....		26.78
Reimbursements to Section Editors.....		373.86
Travel.....		413.96
Administrative services (including clerical work).....		2,385.26
Balance on hand.....		31,465.48
	<u>\$37,950.00</u>	<u>37,950.00</u>

It is recommended that the committee be re-appointed until its mission has been accomplished.

November 15, 1957.

GEORGE F. HOWE, Chairman.

SECTION EDITORS

<u>Section</u>	<u>Editors</u>	<u>Address</u>
A	Bert J. Loewenberg	Sarah Lawrence College, Bronxville, N. Y.
B	Constance M. Winchell and Shepard Clough	The Libraries, Columbia Univ., New York 27, N. Y.
C	George F. Howe	3514 Quebec St., N.W., Washington 16, D.C.
D	Charles S. Braden	Perkins School of Theology, Southern Methodist Univ., Dallas 5, Texas
E	Joseph Br�w	Peabody Museum, Harvard Univ., Cambridge 38, Mass.
F	James B. Pritchard	2451 Ridge Road, Berkeley 9, Calif.
G	Earl H. Pritchard	Dept. of History, Univ. of Chicago, Chicago 37, Ill.
H	Carl Roebuck	Northwestern Univ., Evanston, Ill.
I	T. R. S. Broughton	Bryn Mawr College, Bryn Mawr, Pa.
J, K	Gray C. Boyce	Northwestern Univ., Evanston, Ill.
L	Kenneth Seton	Univ. of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia 4, Pa.
M	Bernard Lewis	School of Oriental & African Studies, Univ. of London, London, W.C. 1
N	Earl H. Pritchard	(See G)
O	Charles Sidney Gardner	5 Berkeley St., Cambridge 31, Mass.
P	Hugh Borton	1 College Circle, Haverford College, Haverford, Pa.
Q	John M. Echols	Dept. of Far Eastern Studies, Cornell Univ., Ithaca, N. Y.
R	Horace I. Poleman	Library of Congress, Washington 25, D. C.
S	Roderic S. Davison	George Washington Univ., Washington 6, D. C.
T	Walter Dorn	Dept. of History, Columbia Univ., New York 27, N. Y.
U	Charles E. Nowell	Univ. of Illinois, Urbana, Ill.
V-1	Sidney Burrell	Barnard College, Columbia Univ., New York 27, N. Y.
V-2	Franklin Scott	Northwestern Univ., Evanston, Ill.
V-3	Lynn M. Case	Univ. of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia 4, Pa.
V-4	C. Julian Bishko	Univ. of Virginia, Charlottesville, Va.
V-5	Catherine Boyd	Carleton College, Northfield, Minn.
V-6	Hajo Holborn	Yale Univ., New Haven, Conn.
W	S. Harrison Thomson	Univ. of Colorado, Boulder, Colo.
X	Fritz T. Epstein	Library of Congress, Washington 25, D. C.
Y	Lyle N. McAlister	Univ. of Florida, Gainesville, Fla.
Z	Howard F. Cline	Library of Congress, Washington 25, D. C.
AA	A. L. Burt	Univ. of Minnesota, Minneapolis, Minn.
AB	Michael Kraus	City College, Convent Ave., & 139th St., New York 17, N.Y.
AC-AE	Harry R. Rudin	Yale Univ., New Haven, Conn.
AF	Andrew Osborn	Widener Library, Harvard Univ., Cambridge 38, Mass.
AG	Harold Bradley	Vanderbilt Univ., Nashville, Tenn.
AH	Walter G. Langsam and Reginald C. McGrane	Univ. of Cincinnati, Ohio

SECTION EDITORS--Continued

<u>Section</u>	<u>Editors</u>	<u>Address</u>
AI	B. H. Liddell Hart	Wolverton Park, Buckinghamshire, England
AJ, AK	Henry L. Roberts	Russian Institute, Columbia Univ., New York 27, N. Y.

THE COMMITTEE ON THE HARMSWORTH PROFESSORSHIP

The committee as presently constituted consists of W. C. Binkley, Tulane University; W. Stull Holt, University of Washington; Stow Persons, University of Iowa; C. Vann Woodward; and Carl Wittke, Western Reserve University, chairman.

I see no reason to change the composition of the committee, although I would be glad to be relieved if it should be the desire of the Council to make a change.

This committee can function only through long and laborious correspondence with the members who are scattered from coast to coast. An actual meeting is impossible. The committee has made nominations on several occasions only to find the British Electors to the Harmsworth Professorship have made their own selections. It is true that the selections they made have been good and that in almost every case, the names were on the committee's list, or would certainly have the approval of the committee. The selections by the British committee have now been made as far ahead as 1960.

The important problem seems to me to be how we can establish a better liaison between our committee and the British committee. If our activity is to continue, I think it is essential to work out a better understanding of procedures. If the British committee wants to take the initiative in suggesting names, those names should then be cleared by the American committee. If the nominations of the American committee are for any reason unacceptable to our British colleagues, the matter should be cleared by the two committees.

October 17, 1957.

CARL WITKE, Chairman.

COMMITTEE ON THE HISTORIAN AND THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

Since the chairman of the committee has been abroad this year, and the committee has not functioned formally, no report is made.

November 1, 1957

EDWARD YOUNGER, Chairman.

COMMITTEE ON HONORARY MEMBERS

I wish to give only a brief report about the activities of the Committee on Honorary Members. I expect that before the meeting of the Council in December, I shall be able to make in the name of the committee a nomination to fill the vacancy among the honorary members.

Correspondence among members of the committee has mainly dealt with the question of possible candidates for honorary membership, but in addition, the general principles which should guide selection--particularly the importance of geographical distribution--has been touched upon.

November 10, 1957.

FELIX GILBERT, Chairman.

COMMITTEE ON INTERNATIONAL HISTORICAL ACTIVITIES

1. THE COMMITTEE.

The personnel of the committee has been changed in 1957 by the rotational retirement of Mrs. Dorothy Quynn who has been succeeded by John Curtiss, Duke University. The hold-over members have been Caroline Robbins, Boyd C. Shafer and Donald McKay (both ex officio), Wakdo G. Leland, chairman, Martin R. P. McGuire, Garrett Mattingly, Bernadotte E. Schmitt, and Arthur P. Whitaker.

The committee held two meetings in 1957, one on March 9, and another on November 18, with all members in attendance except that Mr. Mattingly was unable to attend the November meeting. The last meeting was also attended by Myron Gilmore of Harvard University who represented the special Boston-Cambridge committee charged with the reception of the Bureau of the International Committee of Historical Sciences on the occasion of the Bureau's visit to the United States in 1958.

In addition to the two formal meetings there have been numerous conferences of the chairman, Mr. McKay and Mr. Shafer, as well as correspondence among the members of the committee.

2. THE INTERNATIONAL COMMITTEE OF HISTORICAL SCIENCES.

The Assembly of the International Committee, including the sessions of its Bureau, was held in Lausanne in June instead of in Moscow as had been planned. The change of meeting place was made with the agreement of the representatives of the historians of the USSR because it seemed unlikely that a quorum could be secured for a meeting in Moscow.

Delegates from the United States were Mr. McKay (who is an elected member of the Bureau, serving until 1960), and Mr. Shafer (who also serves until 1960).

The chief attention of the Association's committee in 1957 has been directed to the program of the International Congress to be held in Stockholm in 1960, and to preparations for the meeting of the Bureau to be held in the United States in October, 1958. The committee during its meeting of March 9, approved a list of thirty subjects for the "Reports" which are to be presented in the Congress. This list was communicated to the Bureau in advance of the Lausanne meeting, together with corresponding lists from other countries. The list of subjects finally approved by the Bureau, which is less broadly representative of world history than the list submitted on behalf of the committee, will be printed in the *American Historical Review* of January, 1958. Four of the Reports will be by American scholars. The Congress will be organized in five sections: Methodology, Antiquity, Middle Ages, Modern History and Contemporary History. There will also be two symposia or colloquia on (1) European universities in the Middle Ages and the Renaissance, and (2) history of prices before 1750.

The committee has discussed at length a tentative list of "Papers" which might be presented by scholars from the United States, our quota being from twelve to fifteen of these shorter communications.

A tentative schedule for the visit of the Bureau has been established, in its main lines. This visit has been made possible by the generosity of the Ford Foundation in making a grant to the Association for the over-seas travel and certain other expenses of the members of the Bureau, and by the acceptance by the Bureau itself of the invitation extended to it at Lausanne by Mr. Shafer on behalf of the Association. It is expected that the visit will commence with the arrival of members of the Bureau in Boston on October 5, and that it will end in Washington on October 18. Some members of the Bureau will doubtlessly prolong their visit for purposes of sight-seeing, or giving lectures in our universities. It is planned to hold six half-day sessions in Cambridge, Philadelphia, and Washington. Travel probably will be by chartered bus and visits, it is hoped, will be made en route to Amherst and Smith, Yale, Columbia, Princeton, the University of Pennsylvania, Bryn Mawr, and the Johns Hopkins University.

For the orientation of the members of the Bureau, with respect to education and scholarship in the United States, books, pamphlets, and issues of our historical periodicals will be sent to them from time to time. It seems important to enable foreign scholars to become better informed as to the world-wide interest of the historians of the United States and the valuable work that is being done in areas which are too little cultivated in most European countries and which have been insufficiently recognized in the international congresses.

The committee has discussed the proposed revision of the statutes of the ICHS and has authorized the chairman, with Mr. McKay and Mr. Shafer to prepare specific recommendations to be presented to the Bureau in October.

Finally the committee has discussed the conditions on which American scholars may be assisted to attend international congresses and conferences through the use of funds made available to the American Council of Learned Societies and the Social Science Research Council for that purpose.

3. ANGLO-AMERICAN HISTORICAL CONFERENCE.

The full-scale Anglo-American Historical Conference which is organized every five years, with interim annual conferences, by the Institute of Historical Research of the University of London, was held in London in July. It was attended by about ninety scholars from the United States, with Caroline Robbins of the Committee, serving as official delegate of the Association. Her report of the conference is printed in the January, 1958, issue of the *Review*. The committee hopes that it may be possible to secure advance notices of the conferences, which are of interest to scholars in many fields of history (not only Anglo-American) in time to assure their early publication and distribution.

4. INTER-AMERICAN HISTORICAL ACTIVITIES, 1957.

(Furnished by Arthur P. Whitaker)

Among the Inter-American historical activities during 1957 one of special interest to the American Historical Association is the appointment of Associate Professor Robert N. Burr, University of California, Los Angeles, as the United States National Member of the Commission on History, Pan American Institute of Geography and History, replacing Arthur P. Whitaker, who continues as Vice-President of the Institute. In accordance with established practice, Dr. Burr's Advisory Committee will function as a subcommittee of the American Historical Association's Committee on International Historical Activities.

The Fourth Consultation of this Commission on History, which was to have been held in 1957, has been postponed until early 1958. The Commission has continued its publication program, which, in addition to its periodicals, includes volumes on the history of ideas in Brazil (published in 1957) and in the United States (in press). The first volume (Indian phase) of the Commission's important History of America project was published by the Pan American Union, which will publish the two remaining volumes at a date not yet fixed.

The Inter-American Economic Conference held in Buenos Aires adopted a resolution requesting the Commission on History to publish the economic writings of leading 19th century Americans, beginning with the Argentineans J. B. Alberdi and Mariano Moreno.

International activities in 1957 not connected with the Pan American Institute include the following: Fifth Inter-American Congress on Philosophy, Washington, D.C., July 8-12; Eighth Congress of the International Institute of Ibero-American Literature, San Juan, Puerto Rico, August 28-30, 1957; the Third Luso-Brazilian Colloquium, Lisbon, Portugal, September 9-15; the Second Hispanic-American Historical Congress, Santo Domingo, Dominican Republic, October 5-12; A Seminar on Plantation Systems of the New World, San Juan, Puerto Rico, November 17-30;

and the Conference on the History of Religion in the New World, Washington, D.C., December 17-18, under the auspices of the Academy of American Franciscan History.

5. FINANCIAL SUPPORT.

The committee is gratified by the generous financial support of the international interests and activities of the Association which the Executive Secretary has secured during the past year, but leaves the announcement of specific grants to be made by him in his report. It seems clear that foundations realize that active participation by American scholars in international cooperative undertakings in the many fields of history is of great value for the promotion of mutual understanding among peoples.

November 25, 1957.

WALDO G. LELAND, Chairman.

THE COMMITTEE ON THE LITTLETON-GRISWOLD FUND

The present composition of the committee is as follows: Edward Dumbauld, Attorney-at-Law, Uniontown, Pa., chairman; Julius Goebel, Jr., Columbia University; William Baskerville Hamilton, Duke University; George L. Haskins, University of Pennsylvania; Mark De Wolfe Howe, Harvard University; Leonard W. Labaree, Yale University; David J. Mays, Attorney-at-Law, Richmond, Va.; Richard L. Morton, William and Mary College.

The work of this committee, as well as the legal world generally, suffered a great loss in the deaths of two distinguished members: Zachariah Chaffee, Jr., Harvard Law School; and Arthur T. Vanderbilt, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of New Jersey. It is hoped that these vacancies will be filled in due course.

Although no publications were issued during the year, Joseph H. Smith, author of the well-known study on appeals to the privy council, who is editing the Prince Georges County Court Book of Maryland, made substantial progress toward completion of his work, but by reason of professional engagements in connection with an anti-trust matter, was unable to finish the task for publication at the date anticipated. Progress on other projects has been made, notably the Kent County Court Records being edited by Leon deValinger, Jr., State Archivist of Delaware. It is planned to publish this volume in 1958. Other projects are under consideration.

Appended is a financial report showing the status of the Littleton-Griswold Fund.

November 1, 1957.

EDWARD DUMBAULD, Chairman.

LITTLETON-GRISWOLD FUND

Statement of receipts and disbursements, Sept. 1, 1956, to Aug. 31, 1957

		<u>Receipts</u>	<u>Disbursements</u>
Cash on hand, Sept. 1, 1956.....		\$7,309.43	
Interest - Investments.....	\$1,225.00		
Savings Account.....	179.97	1,404.97	
Proceeds of Sale of American Legal Records:			
Vol. I, <u>Maryland Court of Appeals, 1693-1729</u>	81.00		
Vol. II, <u>Select Cases of the Mayor's Court of New York City, 1674-1784</u>	73.68		
Vol. III, <u>Records of the Vice-Admiralty Court of Rhode Island, 1716-1752</u>	7.50		
Vol. IV, <u>Superior Court Diary of William Samuel Johnson, 1716-1752</u>	41.50		
Vol. V, <u>Out of print</u>			
Vol. VI, <u>Records of the Court of Chancery of South Carolina, 1671-1799</u>	64.00		
Vol. VII, <u>County Court Records of Accomack-Norfolk, Virginia, 1632-1640</u>	198.00	465.68	
Committee expenses.....			140.60
Editorial and publication expenses.....			138.27
Membership dues of contributor (two years).....		15.00	
		\$9,180.08	\$293.87
Balance, Aug. 31, 1957.....		\$9,180.08	8,886.21
		<u>\$9,180.08</u>	<u>\$9,180.08</u>

COMMITTEE ON THE REVOLVING FUND FOR PUBLICATION OF THE AMERICAN HISTORICAL ASSOCIATION*

Lack of funds has reduced the Committee on the Revolving Fund for Publication to a static condition, dependent, for the present, upon an accumulation of royalties from volumes published in the past before it can offer any publication program in the future. This is a condition anticipated some years ago. While there has been considerable casting about to hit upon new plans whereby the committee may perform useful services for the publication of deserving works in the field of history, and many efforts to refill the empty reservoir with funds, essentially nothing has been accomplished to this time. Actually, until new funds are available, there appears very little that the committee can do.

Although I have not been informed regarding the financial status of the committee's funds as of the end of the last fiscal year, it seems reasonable to suppose (on the basis of past experience) that enough royalties may have accumulated to justify offering an award in the near future. If this is a possibility, it would be desirable that (1) the committee be so informed, (2) that appropriate plans be drawn for selecting manuscripts, and (3) that announcements be made to the members of the profession and others who may wish to submit entries, assuming that the selection will be made on a competitive basis as has been the previous practice of the committee.

November 6, 1957.

RAYMOND P. STEARNS, Chairman.

THE REVOLVING FUND FOR PUBLICATION OF THE AMERICAN HISTORICAL ASSOCIATION

Statement of receipts and disbursements, Sept. 1, 1956 to Aug. 31, 1957

	<u>Receipts</u>	<u>Disbursements</u>
Cash on hand, Sept. 1, 1956.....	\$2,027.22	
Interest on savings account.....	29.64	
Royalties:		
Heidel, <u>The Day of Yahweh</u>	2.67	
Bruce, <u>Virginia Iron Manufacture in the Slave Era</u>	12.00	
Swann, <u>Pan Chao, Foremost Woman Scholar in China</u>	3.20	
Guerritt, <u>The Estates General of 1789</u>	9.60	
Horton, <u>James Kent: A Study in Conservatism</u>	9.35	
Stafford, <u>James VI of Scotland the Throne of England</u>	16.00	
Jackson, <u>Free Negro Labor and Property Holding in Virginia, 1830-1860</u>	18.00	
Nute, <u>Caesars of the Wilderness</u>	83.07	
Hoyt, <u>The Royal Desecra in English Constitutional Law</u>	65.46	
Boyd, <u>Tithes and Parishes in Medieval Italy</u>	54.10	
Fisher, <u>Negro Slave Songs in the U.S.</u>	118.12	
Fairchild, <u>Messers: William Pepperrell</u>	37.03	
Cady, <u>The Roots of French Imperialism in Eastern Asia</u>	279.12	
Wright, <u>The Beginning of Unitarianism in America</u>	119.95	
Quirk, <u>Europe's Classical Balance of Power</u>	658.54	
Lanning, <u>The Eighteenth Century Enlightenment in the University of San Carlos de Guatemala</u>	123.41	1,609.62
Editorial and publication expenses:		
Lanning volume (The Eighteenth Century Enlightenment).....		\$1,600.00
Committee expenses.....		7.45
		<u>\$1,607.45</u>
Balance, Aug. 31, 1957.....		<u>2,059.03</u>
	<u>\$3,666.48</u>	<u>\$3,666.48</u>

COMMITTEE ON SOUTH ASIAN HISTORY

During the year this committee has been primarily concerned with arranging visits by foreign scholars with special competence in the history of the countries of South Asia to American universities which are developing work in that field. Such visits are made possible by the grant which the Association received from the Rockefeller Founda-

*Formerly the Carnegie Revolving Fund for Publication

tion in early April. The committee's work is therefore just getting started. It met informally, at the time of the meetings of the Association of Asian Studies in Boston, with Chadbourne Gilpatric of the Rockefeller Foundation and C. H. Phillips, Director-designate of the School of Oriental and African Studies at the University of London. It held its first formal meeting on July eleventh in Washington. Arrangements were then made for the forthcoming visit of Professor R. C. Majumdar as visiting professor at the University of Chicago for the spring and summer quarters in 1958 and at the University of Pennsylvania for the fall semester of 1958-59. Dr. Majumdar is one of the most distinguished authorities on the history of Ancient India. The committee is very happy that he accepted the invitation to be the first of these visiting scholars. Plans for 1958-59 and 1959-60 were discussed at some length. It is hoped that the program which permits visits by three scholars per academic year will be fully launched in 1958-59. At the July meeting, Earl H. Pritchard was appointed acting chairman during Professor Furber's absence from the country on sabbatical leave for 1957-58. In view of the fact that this committee's work has just begun, no recommendation to the Committee on Committees for changes in its personnel is made at this time.

October 23, 1957.

HOLDEN FURBER, Chairman,

EARL H. PRITCHARD, Acting Chairman.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON TEACHING (SERVICE CENTER)

In November, 1956, the Committee on Teaching went over its plans with the Director, Dr. George Barr Carson, and laid out a program for 1957. The committee met on September 21, 1957, to review the progress made.

One of the chief objects of the committee is to encourage cooperation between university and college teachers of history and those responsible for the teaching of history in the secondary schools with the hope that the quality of teaching may be improved. The Director attended a large number of meetings of educational organizations. He also attended conferences of college and university teachers with high school teachers which were arranged in various places. The committee feels that these activities of the Director have been highly successful in stimulating interest in this type of cooperation. Particularly encouraging is the action of the University of Texas in appointing a full time member of the History Department to work with the history teachers in the schools of the state. While the committee is fully aware how easily seeds of this sort can fail to produce living plants, it believes that the seeds have been well scattered over the country. And valuable results in this program can only be obtained through active cooperation in many localities.

The panel of consultants established by the Service Center has not been extensively used. The chief difficulty seems to be that it is the teachers who would like such assistance but the administrators who control the funds. The committee is planning to attempt to interest the school administrations in the use of these consultants. It has been realized from the beginning that this consultant service would develop very slowly.

The publication program has been well started and the initial reactions to it are encouraging. As of November 1, 1957, five pamphlets have been published, five others are in press, and five more are being written.

It is important to remember that the mere existence of the Service Center and the spreading knowledge of its activities have gone far toward achieving its purpose. History teachers in the secondary schools are aware of the Association's interest in their problems. The actual machinery for effective cooperation must develop gradually. The committee believes that the process is well started.

October 29, 1957.

SIDNEY PAINTER, Chairman.

COMMITTEE ON THE MOSES COIT TYLER PRIZE

Since the Council approved of the acceptance of the proposal from the Cornell University Press only at the December, 1956, meeting and since the committee was actually formed some time later than this, what we have done this year should not be regarded as indicating the potential interest in this enterprise.

The committee did announce the existence and terms of the prize in the principal historical journals and in the American Quarterly. These announcements necessarily came rather late and may explain why the committee has not received a larger number of manuscripts. In all we are considering the nine manuscripts which were submitted to us. The authors represent a considerable range of ages and of geographical residence. September 1st, the dead-line we set for receiving the manuscripts, seems on the whole, in view of our experience, to be an appropriate date. Actually we received several manuscripts during the course of the summer. These were circulated to the members of the committee and several of them were read by two or more members of the committee.

I think the committee has been hard-working and conscientious. I believe of the five I am the only one who did not receive his training at Yale. This may simply reflect the leadership which Yale has had in the field of American intellectual history.

I think that if the committee is to be continued much could be said for asking the present members to continue with the exception of myself. I would in any case be unable to continue the chairmanship of the committee for another year.

We hope to submit our recommendations for the best manuscript well before the December meeting.

October 15, 1957.

MERLE CURTI, Chairman.

COMMITTEE FOR THE STUDY OF WAR DOCUMENTS OF THE
AMERICAN HISTORICAL ASSOCIATIONI. THE CHAIRMAN'S REPORT

On behalf of the Committee for the Study of War Documents I should like to report on our activities since June 1, 1956.

During the Spring of 1956 the American Historical Association received a grant of \$69,000 from the Ford Foundation to screen, select, and microfilm documents of historical value and significance which might be found in the large deposits of captured German documents at Alexandria, Va., and at Whaddon Hall in England (the latter contained the German diplomatic archives). The urgency of the project was caused by the prospective restitution of the documents to Germany on an installment basis and the desire of scholars in many countries and in all interested professions to have microfilm copies made before restitution. A further problem involved in the project was to consult with the Intelligence Division of the General Staff of the United States Army on its declassification of the documents before microfilming could begin. Finally, it was also the purpose of the grant to have prepared and published such guides, catalogues and indexes of the microfilmed material, which would make ready references for scholars in the use of the microfilmed collections.

The American Historical Association through its Council and Executive Secretary administered the funds and set up a committee to supervise the policy and the work of the project. The members of the committee were; Reginald H. Phelps (chairman from December 1955 to December 1956), Harold D. Lasswell, Sidney Wallach, Oron J. Hale, George W. F. Hallgarten, Hans Kohn (vice-chairman), Koppel Pinson, William O. Shanahan, Raymond J. Sontag, Carl J. Friedrich, and Fritz T. Epstein. For the direct supervision of the work four members of the Association were designated: Howard M. Ehrmann for the microfilming of the documents in Whaddon Hall; E. Malcolm Carroll, later Fritz T. Epstein, for the microfilming of the documents at Alexandria; George W. F. Hallgarten for the preparation of guides, catalogues, and other informational announcements; and Oron J. Hale for liaison with the governmental departments and

agencies. The committee had the great good fortune to obtain the services for an academic year and two summers (June 1956 to September 1957) of Dr. Gerhard L. Weinberg as the director of the Alexandria project. On his return to the University of Kentucky his able assistant, Dr. Dagmar H. Perman has become the director of the Alexandria project.

The Alexandria Microfilming Project. Through the efforts of Dr. Hale, Dr. Weinberg, Dr. Epstein, and Dr. Shafer, the committee was able to enlist the wholehearted cooperation of the government agencies. The Assistant Chief of Staff for Army Intelligence has been most helpful in working with the committee in making the captured German materials progressively more available for microfilming; while the Adjutant General's Office and its subdivision, the Departmental Records Branch, which had custody of the documents, have also been most cooperative in furnishing space, facilities, and services to and in the microfilming project. An agreement was reached with the Army authorities on the division of effort in microfilming. The Army was engaged in limited microfilming of its own with collections which were primarily of current military interest. It was finally agreed that the Army would also microfilm, in certain groups of their primary interest, materials indicated by the Committee to be mainly of general scholarly interest. Likewise in groups primarily of interest to scholars the committee's staff would also microfilm materials of interest to the Army. This method would avoid duplication in processing and selecting. Both the Army and the committee's staff found it was necessary, after a record group had been chosen for microfilming, to microfilm much of the material in bulk. The selection had to be among larger categories rather than among individual documents. This was a procedure preferred also by the National Archives.

The cooperation of the National Archives was also extremely helpful. An agreement was reached with the National Archives that a certain portion of our funds would be transferred to a Trust Fund in the Archives. This money would then be used by the Archives, to furnish film, microphotographic cameras, photographers and some processors, and mimeographing of indexes. This benefited the committee's project by the considerable savings resulting from the use of the Archives' experience and efficiency in microfilming and processing. It was also agreed that all Army and AHA microfilms would be deposited with the National Archives, and the latter would furnish an additional set at the Archives for the use of scholars.

The material filmed falls into the following main categories: Records of the National Socialist [Nazi] Party and its affiliated organizations; records of the economic section of the High Command of the Armed Forces (OKW); records of the Ministry of Economics; records of the various German and Japanese agencies dealing with the Far East; records of the High Command of the Army (OKH); papers of Hitler, Göring, Himmler, and other leading Nazis; records of the Reich Commissioner for the Strengthening of German National Life and Culture (Deutsches Volkstum); records of German industrial firms; records of the Smolonsk Oblast of the Communist Party; and several smaller groups of significant documents. Altogether 1,050,000 frames of microfilms were photographed and deposited with the National Archives, a total almost twice as large as originally estimated for our year's work. There is enough material even here to keep our scholars, graduate students, and research centers occupied for a great many years and to furnish many valuable studies on Weimar and Nazi Germany and on World War II.

Partly as a result of our activities and discussions with the Army, a detailed program for regrading the still classified collections has been worked out and is being implemented. It is anticipated that as the materials are opened, return of the records to Germany will also proceed by stages, which will give us an opportunity to microfilm before restitution to the extent that funds become available for the continuation of the project over the next three years.

The Whaddon Hall Project. The work of microfilming the German diplomatic documents at Whaddon Hall in England was supervised by Dr. Ehrmann and directed by George O. Kent. Soon after the capture of the German diplomatic documents the United States, Great Britain, and France decided to microfilm and publish important sections of these documents for the periods after 1918. In addition to the published volumes the

microfilms of this "tripartite" effort are deposited in the British Public Record Office and the American National Archives. Yet an examination of these diplomatic documents for the period before 1918 showed that scarcely any had been published for the period of World War I (1914-18) or for 1867 to 1870 and only a small percentage had been published in *Die grosse Politik* for the period of 1871 to 1914. The German selection for the latter publication also proved to be incomplete. Consequently several universities (California, Michigan, Florida State, Pittsburgh, North Texas State, and St. Anthony's College of Oxford) had microfilmed certain sections in the pre-1918 period, but had left large gaps which our Committee is attempting to fill. Since the pre-1914 documents were to be returned to Germany by August 1956, a very great effort was expended to finish the microfilming of the gaps between 1867 and 1914. For the next ten months our efforts were concentrated on the period of World War I (1914-1918). The subject areas covered were: *Welfenfonds*, Papal See, Germany, Spain, Disarmament and Peace Conferences, Militaria, Portugal, Liberia, Africa Generalia, Asia, Switzerland, Lesser German States, Prussia (Church), Latin America, Europe Generalia, France, Norway, Great Britain, Monaco, Treaties, London Embassy, St. Petersburg Embassy, and Weltkrieg (World War I). Altogether 433 reels, containing 367,942 frames of microfilms were completed at Whaddon Hall, all of which are deposited at the National Archives in Washington.

Reference Guides. The work of preparing guides to the various groups of material has been supervised by Dr. Hallgarten and Dr. Ehrmann. They consist mainly of four projects: (1) microfilms of the data sheets of the Alexandria microfilms, as an interim guide to that material made by the National Archives (since the Alexandria work is incomplete no final index or catalogue can as yet be undertaken); (2) supplemental indexes to the Epstein-Weinberg Guide to Captured German Documents, which will cover the more recent "tripartite" microfilming of the Weimar and Nazi periods (1918-1945) and which is being prepared by Mr. Schwandt both in the National Archives and in the State Department (the titles of the two indexes are: Index for the Microfilms of German Foreign Office Documents Covering the Weimar Period and Index for the Microfilms of German Foreign Office Documents Covering the Hitler Period); (3) the preparation and publication of a List of Archival References and Data on the Microfilms of the German Diplomatic Documents, 1867-1914, which lists by reel and frame with accompanying descriptions the material microfilmed by this committee from the Whaddon Hall collections; and (4) a Catalogue of Microfilms of Documents from the Archives of the German Foreign Ministry, 1867-1918, which will be a guide to all the scattered materials of the various universities and of our committee and which will be published by the Oxford University Press in the summer of 1958. Projects (1) and (2) have been supervised by Drs. Weinberg, Hallgarten and Epstein, and projects (3) and (4) have been supervised by Dr. Ehrmann.

Continuation of the Microfilming Project. The committee was informed by the Ford Foundation that it could not continue its financial support of the projects beyond its initial grant of \$69,000. Therefore the committee, with the invaluable aid of the officers and many of the members of the American Historical Association, began a long search for funds for a three-year continuation program. The committee made inquiries of nine different foundations and spent much time and effort in writing to and visiting some of these foundations. We are happy to report that the Old Dominion Foundation, approved our application for a one-year grant of \$36,000. Not only are we grateful to the Old Dominion Foundation for their generous grants; but we are also very grateful to Frank Altschul for his support of our applications before the foundations both in 1956 and 1957 and particularly for his offer of an interim grant of \$3,000, if needed, to tide our work over until another foundation made us a grant. This enabled us to keep our experienced staff intact during a critical period.

November 12, 1957

LYNN M. CASE, Chairman.

II. SUB-COMMITTEE REPORT ON THE WORK DONE AT WHADDON HALL.

1. The Microfilm Project.

The archives of the German Foreign Ministry were, after their discovery by allied troops at the end of the war, moved to Berlin and in the summer of 1948 to Whaddon Hall in Buckinghamshire, England. Under an Anglo-American agreement of 1946, which the French government joined a year later, documents from the archives, which go back to 1867, are being published by the three governments for the period 1918 - 1945, "to establish the record of German foreign policy preceding and during World War II" (Documents on German Foreign Policy, 1918 - 1945, vols. I - X, 1937-40, have been published so far). No provision was made at the time of the Anglo-American agreement for the pre-1914 documents. However, the three governments have filmed extensively in the 1914-18 period, and have done approximately 50% of all filming in this period.

The necessity to preserve important files of the earlier years and to make these available to scholars all over the world soon became apparent, and with the approval of the United States and British governments several universities and private individuals were permitted to microfilm documents of the pre-1920 period. The first major program of this kind was set up by St. Anthony's College, Oxford, in January 1953; since then, similar programs have been undertaken by the University of California, Florida State University, the University of Michigan, and others.

By the fall of 1955 a great part of the pre-1920 files had been screened, selected, and filmed but there were still large and important collections, particularly of the pre-1914 period, which had not been examined. The date of the return of the pre-1914 documents, fixed by agreement with the German government for June 1956, was, moreover, drawing near. The importance of filming the gaps now became paramount. The funds of the various organizations which had been interested in these programs were running out just at this time and the danger that a great number of important pre-1914 files would return to Germany unfilmed and would presumably be closed for research, became very real.

It was at this critical moment that Professor Howard M. Ehrmann of the University of Michigan submitted to the recently-formed American Committee for the Study of War Documents a project for a microfilming program in the pre-1920 files and for the publication of a master list or catalogue. Through the joint efforts of Dr. Reginald H. Phelps, Associate Dean of the Graduate School of Arts and Sciences of Harvard University and Chairman of the Executive Board of the American Committee, and Dr. Boyd C. Shafer, Executive Secretary of the American Historical Association, a grant of \$24,000 was secured from the Ford Foundation which made it possible to select, screen, and film in the remaining pre-1914 files before they were returned to Germany.

The negotiations about the grant had continued throughout the winter of 1955-56 and part of the following spring, and it was not until the beginning of May 1956 that authorization to start work on the American Committee Project (ACP), as it came to be known, was received at Whaddon Hall. Fortunately the editors there had been kept informed by Professor Ehrmann about the negotiations concerning the grant and thus it was possible to do all the preparatory work ahead of time. From May 8, when the letter of authorization was received until June 30, when the pre-1914 documents were to be returned to Germany, there were less than eight weeks to complete the project. This period was extended, later on, to fourteen weeks, since the files were not shipped to Germany until the middle of August. By the end of that month, 271,427 frames had been filmed on 317 reels of microfilm. Subsequent filming, to the end of March 1957, principally in the period of World War I, brought the total number of frames to 367,942 and the reels to 433. The subject areas covered by this microfilming project included: Welfenfonds, Papal See, Germany, Spain, Disarmament and Peace Conferences, Militaria, Portugal, Liberia, Africa Generalia, Asia, Switzer-

land, Lesser German States, Prussia (Church), Latin America, Europa Generalia, Prussia, France, Norway, Great Britain, Monaco, Treaties, Embassy London, Embassy St. Petersburg, and Weltkrieg (World War I).

In most cases the American Committee Project completed the filming of series of files which had been started by other projects and which, had it not been for the Ford Foundation grant, would have remained incomplete and thus their value for future research would have been greatly diminished.

The microfilming program was completed as planned and no important files were left unfiled before the pre-1914 documents were returned to Germany. After the completion of the entire filming project a 179-page List of Archival References and Data was prepared; this gives reel and frame numbers, and title, dates, and volume number of files filmed. Expenditures at Whaddon Hall came to \$1,968.80 for screening and listing and \$10,980.60 for filming, for a total of \$12,949.40. In addition Professor Ehrmann received \$698.49 for travel expenses.

The work, under the direction of Professor Ehrmann, was administered at Whaddon Hall by George O. Kent, who was assisted by the following staff: K. H. M. Duke, G. K. Meister, A. Scherer, F. G. Stambrook, who screened and selected files and documents; Mr. and Mrs. W. Lampert, who typed the lists of archival references; and A. Faber and Miss A. Robertson, who did the microfilming. Aside from the microfilm section, the work of all those who participated in the American Committee Project was done in their spare time and after official working hours.

2. The Catalogue.

As early as 1953 it was recognized by the editors at Whaddon Hall that a catalogue of microfilms of the pre-1918 files would be necessary to guide scholars who wanted to use the films through the maze of the various filming programs. The necessity for such a guide became more urgent as the filming programs multiplied and two or more sponsoring agencies filmed selected parts of identical series of files.

The preparatory work for a catalogue was started by G. K. Meister and N. Meinertshagen in December 1954, when authorization for overtime for this job was granted by the Foreign Office. They consolidated and retyped the various archival lists of the German Foreign Ministry and entered reels and frame numbers and the code letters of the sponsoring organizations at the appropriate places. Since that date too, intermittent efforts were made by several persons of the Whaddon Hall staff, notably by K. H. M. Duke and G. O. Kent, to interest universities, foundations, and even the participating governments to assume the financial costs of producing and publishing the catalogue. Although several organizations showed interest in this matter and all agreed on its overriding importance, no firm commitments were entered into by any of them.

Meanwhile, the filming programs assumed still greater proportions and time was running out. The lack of a catalogue for the microfilms of the pre-1920 files would have made these filming programs, which cost close to \$50,000, much less valuable, for the complete information on all these programs was only at Whaddon Hall, and with the break-up of this organization this information would have been lost.

It was again through the efforts of Professor Ehrmann, the American Historical Association, and the generous grant from the Ford Foundation that the publication of this Catalogue now becomes a reality.

A project to produce the Catalogue was set up under the direction of Professor Ehrmann with Mr. Kent taking charge of its administration at Whaddon Hall. Estimates from several firms were sought in November 1956 to establish the most economical and best way of printing the Catalogue and, with the approval of the American Historical Association, the Oxford University Press will be authorized to undertake the printing. The size of the Catalogue is estimated at about 800 pages, and the cost for a 500 copy edition by offset lithography has been given by the Oxford University Press as £1,437-3-11, including binding.

The work on the Catalogue was actually started, as has been mentioned, by Mr. Meister and Mr. Meinertshagen in December 1954. But even before that date a card index had been prepared by members of the Whaddon Hall staff on the various filming projects. This work, i.e. retyping and the consolidating of data was completed in June 1955 and since that date the Catalogue has been used and its entries have been kept up to date by the Whaddon Hall staff.

The preparation of the Catalogue for publication, consists, essentially, of two tasks: the retyping of a clean copy and the preparation of a cross index. The former is being done by Mrs. J. Duke, the latter by F. G. Stambrook, who is also drafting a general introduction and checking data. It is estimated that work on the Catalogue will be completed at Whaddon Hall early in 1958 and that the Oxford University Press will have printed and bound the Catalogue by the fall of 1958.

November 23, 1957.

HOWARD M. EHRMANN, Sub-Committee (Chairman)

FORD FOUNDATION GRANT

American Committee for the Study of War Documents
June 1, 1956 to Nov. 1, 1957

	<u>Receipts</u>	<u>Disbursements</u>
Ford Foundation grant.....	\$69,000.00	
Administrative and committees.....		\$9,747.49
Alexandria project (including payments to National Archives).....		30,754.57
Whaddon Hall, England.....		13,858.44
Guide project.....		2,222.92
Balance on hand, November 1, 1957.....		<u>12,416.58</u>
	<u>\$69,000.00</u>	<u>\$69,000.00</u>

Balances according to original budget

Administrative and committees	
New York.....	\$.22
American Historical Association.....	252.29
Alexandria project.....	245.43
Whaddon Hall, England.....	10,141.56
Guide project.....	<u>1,777.08</u>
	\$12,416.58

Most of the balance on hand (\$12,416.58) is already committed to projects still under way and contracted for. Only about \$1000 is not committed.

THE COMMITTEE ON THE WATUMULL PRIZE

By its terms of reference, the Committee on the Watumull Prize has not been active this year.

November 15, 1957.

TARAKNATH DAS, Chairman.

OTHER REPORTS

REPORT OF THE DELEGATE TO THE AMERICAN COUNCIL
OF LEARNED SOCIETIES

The American Council of Learned Societies has completed its reorganization. Dr. Frederick Burkhardt has taken over as President, and the main offices have been moved to New York City. At the same time, the Council has greatly improved its financial position. It now has enough information to resume its old policy of fellowships and grants-in-aid.

The one thing which is still lacking is money for publication of scholarly works. There seems to be a reluctance on the part of the foundations to give any considerable funds of money for this purpose. However, the ACLS has appointed a committee to

investigate this problem and if it produces a usable report it might persuade the foundations to change their policy. As a member of this committee, I will let you know if it gets anywhere.

November 11, 1957.

JOSEPH R. STRAYER.

REPORT OF THE REPRESENTATIVE OF THE INTERNATIONAL COMMITTEE OF HISTORICAL SCIENCES

The annual meeting of the Bureau was held concurrently with that of the Assembly in Lausanne, Switzerland, with sessions on June 18, 20, and 21 (Assembly, June 19). The most important item of business originating with the United States delegation was an invitation to the Bureau from the American Historical Association, presented by Boyd C. Shafer, to hold its 1958 meeting in the United States. The visit, made possible by a generous grant of the Ford Foundation, will involve the usual sessions of the Bureau and a trip of about two weeks' duration, beginning October 5, to a series of institutions on the Atlantic seaboard. The purpose of the invitation is to give our European colleagues some familiarity with the present status of historical studies in the United States, with the character of higher education, and, to some extent, with the nature of the American socio-political scene.

The Bureau proposed the admission to the International Committee of Greece, Bulgaria, Uruguay and the International Federation of Renaissance Societies and Institutes (of which the Renaissance Society of America is a member). The Bureau proposed the succession as Vice President of Nils Ahnlund, deceased, by Torwald Höjer of Sweden; of Anna Pankratova, deceased, as assesseur, by A. A. Guber, of the Soviet Union. The Assembly accepted both of these proposals. The Secretary-General indicated that various proposals for the modification of the Constitution would be presented to the Assembly in 1960.

The Bureau also screened the national list of Reports for the Stockholm Congress of 1960 and fixed on a final list of 30 (three for each of the larger countries, including the United States). The communications (shorter papers of the more conventional type) will be screened, again on the basis of national lists, at the October 1958 Bureau meeting.

During the months since the Bureau meetings, I have prepared a report for the American Historical Review and collaborated with Waldo G. Leland and Boyd C. Shafer in making preparations for the Bureau visit in 1958. This, among other questions, will be discussed at the November 16, 1957, meeting of the Committee on International Historical Activities, at which additional representatives of various universities to be visited will also be present.

November 11, 1957.

DONALD C. MC KAY.

REPORT OF THE REPRESENTATIVE ON THE JOINT ANGLO-AMERICAN COMMITTEE ON BRITISH BIBLIOGRAPHIES

Professor Conyers Read has sent to press the revised edition of the Tudor volume, Professor Edgar Graves will complete the medieval volume early in 1959, and Dean Mary Frear Keeler has begun work on the Stuart volume. Editors for the nineteenth-century volumes have not yet been appointed. Work on Writings on British History, 1901-1933 is proceeding rapidly under the supervision of the Royal Historical Society.

November 4, 1957.

STANLEY PARGELLIS.

BIBLIOGRAPHIES OF BRITISH HISTORY

Statement of Receipts and Disbursements
Aug. 1, 1956 to Sept. 1, 1957

	<u>Receipts</u>	<u>Disbursements</u>
Ford Foundation grant.....	\$42,000.00	
A new bibliography of medieval British History.....		\$4,804.92
A revised edition of Conyers Read, <u>The Tudor Period</u>		7,000.00
<u>Writings on British History, 1901-1933</u>		15,336.95
Administrative expenses and committee meetings.....		309.24
Balance on hand September 1, 1957.....		14,548.89
	<u>\$42,000.00</u>	<u>\$42,000.00</u>

REPORT OF THE REPRESENTATIVE ON THE EVANS PROJECT (BIBLIOGRAPHY)

I have received no information on the progress of the Evans Project this year. However, I believe that Professor Ralph B. Shaw of Rutgers University is continuing work on this project and it should near completion in 1958.

November 21, 1957.

FULMER MOOD.

REPORT OF THE DELEGATE TO THE NATIONAL COUNCIL FOR THE SOCIAL STUDIES

Social Education continues to be a journal of which the American Historical Association can be justly proud. The first six issues of Volume XXI maintain the standards of excellence that the periodical has long stood for, and Dr. Lewis Paul Todd again deserves the abundant thanks of the Association. His comments on the editor's page show their traditional wisdom, and he should be particularly congratulated for having obtained excellent articles from such able scholars as Robert E. Brown, Carl Wittke, and Sydney Zebel as well as for having brought both Japan and Ethiopia into Social Education.

October 27, 1957.

HERMAN AUSUBEL.

REPORT OF THE SENIOR DELEGATE TO THE SOCIAL SCIENCE RESEARCH COUNCIL

The delegates of the American Historical Association to the Social Science Research Council are (in order of seniority) Louis Gottschalk, C. Vann Woodward and David Potter. Professors Woodward and Potter are members of the Council's Committee on Programs and Policy. Professor Potter is also a member of the Council's Committee on Historical Analysis of which Professor Gottschalk is chairman and Professor Woodward is also an active member ex officio. Other members of the Committee on Historical Analysis are William Aydelotte, Thomas Cochran, Merle Curti, and Roy Nichols, with Pendleton Herring, President of the SSRC, an ex officio member. The Committee on Historical Analysis is concerned with the problem of generalization and its relation to the historian. A brief report of its activity was published in a recent (September, 1957) issue of Items.

On the nomination of President Herring, Professor Gottschalk was one of a group of American educators to attend conferences last June and July at Paris and Oslo with a group of French and Norwegian educators respectively on the subject of the twentieth-century university.

October 25, 1957.

LOUIS GOTTSCHALK.

REPORT OF THE REPRESENTATIVE TO THE NATIONAL HISTORICAL PUBLICATIONS
COMMISSION

The National Historical Publications Commission continues to make gratifying progress. Its staff, headed by Dr. Philip M. Hamer, Executive Director of the Commission, carried to completion the manuscript of the important "Guide to Archives and Manuscripts in the United States" (to be published in late 1958, or early 1959); prepared the Writings on American History for 1953; and continued to act as a coordinating center for national, state, regional and local documentary publications of all sorts. In October the Ford Foundation granted \$125,000 to the Commission to prepare for publication "A Documentary History of the Ratification of the Constitution and the Bill of Rights."

On June 5 the Committee on House Administration held a public hearing on Congressman George P. Miller's resolution calling upon the governors and legislators of the states, state historical commissions and archival agencies, libraries, historical societies, colleges and universities, business corporations, foundations, and other institutions, to cooperate with the National Historical Publications Commission in the fulfillment of its "national program to encourage the publication of the basic source materials of American history through the cooperative efforts of both public and private organizations." This, in the form of a concurrent resolution, was approved by both the Senate and the House before Congress adjourned late in August, 1957.

October 29, 1957.

JULIAN P. BOYD.

REPORT
of the
PACIFIC COAST BRANCH
OF THE AMERICAN
HISTORICAL ASSOCIATION

PROCEEDINGS OF THE FIFTIETH ANNUAL MEETING

The fiftieth annual meeting of the Pacific Coast Branch of the American Historical Association was held at the University of San Francisco, December 26-28, 1957. Three hundred historians registered for the sessions. Raymond Muse, State College of Washington, and a committee consisting of Douglass Adair, Robert Browder, William S. Greever, Walter Hucul, Sam Knoll, and James Shideler, arranged the program. Donald R. Campbell and his colleagues at the University of San Francisco, Frank L. Beech, Raymond F. Copeland, Ashbrook Lincoln, Robert C. MacKenzie and Edmund Smyth, were in charge of the local arrangements.

This program of twenty-four sessions contrasts sharply with the first program of the Branch, November 25-26, 1904, when there were four sessions, including the business session. That first San Francisco meeting had a program with topics which have since become traditional. On the first day, Frank J. Symmes spoke on "History from a Banker's Point of View," while H. Morse Stephens analyzed the relations between "The American Historical Association and the Pacific Coast Branch." Next morning's session was devoted to a subject most dear to college teachers, "The Teaching of History and Civics in the High School." The discussion was led by Bernard Moses and Max Farrand, and "continued by" the high school teachers who had spokesmen in Rockwell D. Hunt of San Jose High School and four other teachers.

Since November, 1904, the Branch has met annually except in 1918, and during the Second World War period, 1942-46; although even then several local meetings were held in the Los Angeles and San Francisco areas. There were two meetings of the Branch in 1904-1905 and in 1913-1914. Only one annual meeting has actually been cancelled, that of 1942.

The 1957 program was larger than past programs and most of the traditional areas of historical scholarship were represented. An attempt was made to bring into the sessions much more discussion and analysis of the prepared papers. Scholars from the Center for advanced Study in the Behavioral Sciences and members of the American Studies Association were invited to the sessions and to participate in the discussions.

At the annual dinner, President Max Saville described beautifully by means of his own experience, one historian's search for certainty of judgment. He entitled his address "Historian's Progress, or The Quest for Sancta Sophia." Officers of the Branch as well as past Presidents were hosts at the Presidential reception in the Skyroom of the Gleeson Library after the dinner.

The annual business meeting, with President Saville in the chair, convened at nine o'clock Saturday morning. Reports from the President, the Secretary-Treasurer, and the Managing Editor and Business Manager of the Pacific Historical Review were presented. The Secretary-Treasurer reported a most favorable year for the Branch with membership around nine hundred; he observed that with requests for the annual program at about twelve hundred, there are still too many people participating in Branch activities who have not yet taken out membership. The Editor of the Review expressed his delight with the continuing interest in western history; he observed that 1957 had been a hectic year, with several issues of the Review unnecessarily delayed, and a few, almost classical, typographical errors.

The President then announced several important decisions taken by the Council. He first noted a change of Branch policy concerning future meetings. The Council decided, after setting the time and place for 1958 (December 28-30 at Whitflier College), to accept invitations for the 1959 and 1960 meetings, due to the need for more extensive preparations for these meetings. In 1959, the Branch will go to the University of Utah in the late summer, probably meeting about September 6-8. In 1960, the Branch will

join the University of Washington in celebrating its centennial. The meeting time will return to the usual period of the Christmas-New Year holidays.

There is also a change in the awards program. In past years, the awards were given to younger members of the Association who were finding places in the profession. Since this appeared to be much too limited, the Council removed the age limit and asked the committee on awards to consider books or manuscripts from any Pacific Coast scholar who has not previously had a book published, or who is the author of only one other book. The purpose of the award is to encourage scholarship, particularly those scholars who have not published some major work.

The committee on resolutions (Theodore E. Treutlein, chairman, George H. Knoles, Samson B. Knoll, Henry McCreery, and Ronald Sires) offered the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

Resolved: That the Pacific Coast Branch of the American Historical Association express its grateful appreciation to the University of San Francisco and its President, the Reverend John F. X. Connolly, S.J., and to the committee on local arrangements and its chairman, Donald R. Campbell, for the warm hospitality and efficient organization of the 1957 meeting;

Resolved: That the Pacific Coast Branch express its gratitude to the program committee under the chairmanship of Raymond Muse for the excellent and well-planned sessions arranged for the 1957 meeting;

Resolved: That the Branch express its deep sense of loss at the tragic death of Peter Masten Dunne, S.J., University of San Francisco, President of the Pacific Coast Branch in 1956. Father Dunne always contributed wholehearted efforts to the work of the Branch and had won the respect and affection of its members;

Resolved: That the Branch express its sincere regrets at the passing of Robert Glass Cleland, long associated with Occidental College and the Henry E. Huntingdon Library, a pioneer historian of western American history. Teacher, administrator, writer, he has influenced generations of students;

Resolved: That the Branch note with sorrow the death of Godfrey Davies, member of the research staff of the Huntingdon Library, editor of the Huntingdon Library Quarterly, and author of several studies in British history;

Resolved: That the Branch voice regret at the loss of Paul Chrisler Phillips of Montana State University. A distinguished teacher and scholar, Professor Phillips is well known for his contributions to western historical scholarship.

Resolved: That the Branch note the passing at the venerable age of ninety-four of Henry Raup Wagner, bibliographer, cartographer, and historian of Latin America and the American west. He supported historical scholarship by his own learned contributions as well as through generous financial assistance.

The report of the committee on nominations (Edward White, chairman, Colin Goodykoontz, Wilbur Jacobs, Marius Jansen, and Dorothy Johansen) was submitted. The following officers and Councilors were unanimously elected: John W. Caughey, President; Raymond J. Sontag, Vice President; John A. Schutz, Secretary-Treasurer; and, for three year terms to the Council, James Allen, Solomon Katz, and Abraham Nasatir.

Theodore Treutlein offered the following resolution, which was accepted:

Resolved: That, while the serious crisis in international affairs make absolutely necessary an improvement in research and instruction in science and mathematics, increased support is equally advisable for work in the social sciences, and the humanities.

Copies of this resolution were to be sent to the President of the United States and the President of the American Council of Learned Societies.

The 1957 award of the Branch for the best book published by a younger member was given to Don E. Fehrenbacher for his Chicago Giant: A Biography of "Long John" Wentworth. The Louis Knott Koontz Memorial Award for 1957 was presented to John W. Caughey for his article in the Pacific Historical Review, "Their Majesties the Mob."

The program chairman for 1958 is Raymond Lindgren of Occidental College; the chairman of local arrangements is Harry Nerhood of Whittier College.

February 16, 1958.

JOHN A. SCHUTZ, Secretary-Treasurer.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT, 1957

Balance, January 1, 1957.....		\$866.26
Income:		
American Historical Association.....	300.00	
Interest.....	4.82	
Exhibitions.....	150.00	
1957 Meeting, University of San Francisco.....	<u>473.70</u>	
Total.....		\$1,796.78
Expenditures:		
Transfer to Louis Knott Koontz Fund.....	\$200.00	
Award.....	100.00	
Printing of program.....	121.68	
Program mailing.....	33.00	
Secretarial expense.....	35.00	
Travel.....	35.00	
Insurance.....	5.00	
Paper, materials.....	14.04	
Additional expense for 1956 program.....	4.50	
Misc. (stamps, telegrams, etc.).....	<u>6.15</u>	<u>554.37</u>
Balance, December 31, 1957.....		\$1,242.41

THE LOUIS KNOTT KOONTZ MEMORIAL FUND

Balance, January 1, 1957.....		\$1,253.87
Income:		
Received from general funds.....	200.00	
Interest.....	<u>67.64</u>	
Total.....		\$1,521.51
Expenditures:		
Award.....	<u>\$100.00</u>	<u>100.00</u>
Balance, December 31, 1957.....		\$1,421.51
February 16, 1958.	JOHN A. SCHUTZ, <u>Secretary-Treasurer.</u>	